



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

August 5, 2019

Laura Anderson
Product Registration Manager
FMC Corporation
2929 Walnut Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104

Subject: Label and CSF Amendment – Proposed Alt CSFs 1-4 and amended label
Product Name: F6570 EW Master Insecticide
EPA Registration Number: 279-3347
Application Date: 5-Jun-2018; 30-Apr-2019
Decision Number: 542451; 551571

Dear Ms. Anderson:

The amended label and CSF(s) referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, are acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Please note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSF(s):

- Basic CSF dated 07/05/2011
- Alternate CSF 1 dated 04/30/2019
- Alternate CSF 2 dated 04/30/2019
- Alternate CSF 2 dated 04/30/2019
- Alternate CSF 2 dated 04/30/2019

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition,

regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Matthew Aubuchon by phone at 703 347-0477, or via email at Aubuchon.Matthew@epa.gov.

Sincerely,



Catherine Aubee, Chief
Invertebrate-Vertebrate Branch 1
Registration Division (7505P)
Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide

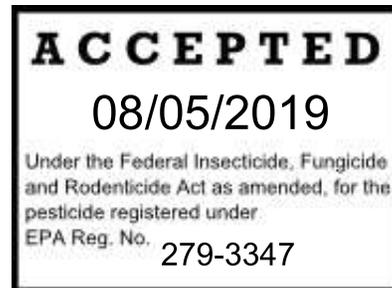
For Residential Indoor and Outdoor Uses, [including Lawns, Home Perimeter, Home Vegetable Gardens, Ornamental & Flower Gardens].

[For Home Fruit & Vegetable Gardens, Ornamental & Flower Gardens, Lawns, and [Perimeters]][Around the Home]]

EPA Reg. No. 279-3347

EPA Est. 279-

Active Ingredient:	By Wt.
Zeta-Cypermethrin*	0.35%
Other Ingredients:	<u>99.65%</u>
	100.00%



(* F6570 EW MASTER contains 0.03 pounds active ingredient per gallon.)

* Cis/trans ratio: Max. 75% (±) cis and min. 25% (±) trans

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

FIRST AID	
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOTLINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-(800)-331-3148 for Emergency Assistance.	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN	
Skin contact (vapor or powder) may be followed by transient tingling or numbness, usually of the face, but this subsides without treatment. This product is a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive.	
For Information Regarding the Use of this Product Call 1-800-321-1FMC (1362).	

Table of Contents	
I. Optional Marketing Claims	Pages 4-9
II. PowerFlex Sprayer	Pages 10-17
III. RTS/Hose-End Sprayer	Pages 17-23
IV. Concentrate	Pages 24-29
V. Home & Garden Section	Pages 30-37
VI. Pest List	Pages 38-42
VII. Fruit & Vegetable List	Pages 43-48
VIII. Optional Refill/Reuse Directions	Pages 48-49

[Sold by:]



FMC Corporation
2929 Walnut Street Philadelphia PA 19104

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters and shrimp. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems. Care should be used when spraying to avoid fish and reptile pets in/around ornamental ponds. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are foraging the treatment area.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

[(SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING)]

[Open for Precautionary Statements, First Aid and Complete Directions for Use]

USE RESTRICTIONS

Do not treat pets with this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact adults, children, or pets, either directly or through drift.

Do not allow adults, children, or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

Remove pets, birds, and cover fish aquariums before spraying.

Avoid contamination of food and feedstuffs. Remove or cover exposed food and drinking water before application.

Do not use in food handling establishments in which food is held, processed, prepared, and/or served. [*Note to reviewer: this restrictions will be excluded only when indoor use option is not included*]When used in the home, remove or cover dishes, utensils, food processing equipment, and food preparation surfaces or wash them before use.]

Do not apply directly to animals.

Do not use in aircraft.

[FOR OUTDOOR USES]

All outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack-and-crevice treatments only, except for the following permitted uses:

- (1) Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures;
- (2) Applications to lawns, turf, and other vegetation;
- (3) Applications to building foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 feet.

Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to impervious surfaces including sidewalks, driveways, patios, porches and structural surfaces (including windows, doors, and eaves) are limited to spot and crack-and-crevice applications, only.

Do not water the treated area to the point of run-off.

Do not make applications during rain.

Application is prohibited directly into sewers or drains, or to any area like a gutter where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow this product to enter any drain during or after application.

NOTE: The application of this product to vinyl and aluminum siding (particularly lightly colored, aged, weathered or otherwise damaged) may result in staining, bleaching or discoloration. Factors including extreme heat and direct sunlight can promote damage. Before applying this product to vinyl or aluminum siding, treat a small area and evaluate 30 minutes later to allow any potential staining to occur. Regardless of the test results, do not apply to vinyl or aluminum siding while exposed to direct sunlight or during the heat of the day.

[If you have a medical emergency, need consultation on diagnosis, therapy and analysis please call (800) 420-9347]

[If you have questions relating to product use or application, please call (866) 945-5033]

[If you have a product spill or transportation emergency call (800) 424-9300]

[For Consumer Refund: TechPac, LLC PO Box 95437 Palatine, IL 60095-0437]

IMPORTANT – Directions for Storage and Disposal	
Storage	Keep from freezing. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place, preferably in a locked storage area and avoid excess heat. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into drink containers.
Pesticide Disposal and Container Handling	Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container, except as directed for refilling. If empty: place in trash or offer for recycling, if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability:

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions beyond the control of FMC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold FMC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the Directions for Use when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL, FMC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE, OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT. Any warranties, express or implied, having been made are inapplicable if this product has been contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to (or beyond the control of) seller or FMC, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

To the extent consistent with applicable law FMC or seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF FMC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF FMC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

This Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability may not be amended by any oral or written agreement.

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I. Optional Marketing Claims

PowerFlex Sprayer

[Patented] Battery Operated [Powered] Sprayer
Batteries Included

Contains XXX cartridges
[4 oz] Makes one gallon of spray
Each 4oz cartridge makes 1 Gal. of spray

It's easy to apply [thanks to its patented battery operated [powered] sprayer]. Simply point and spray
— NO Mixing, NO Pumping and Best of All NO Hand fatigue. [when packaged accordingly].

[[Optional:] Applicable Packaging]
Spot treat bugs with this easy to use system+
+when used as directed with the appropriate cartridge
Power Sprayer
Easy to apply with the [battery operated] [powered] sprayer
[Reusable][Power] Sprayer [sprays up to 15 ft]
Simply point and spray
No mixing, No pumping, No Hand Fatigue

Ready-to-Spray/Concentrate

Ready-to-spray [Ready-to-mix] [lawn] [liquid] [concentrate]
Mixes [dilutes] automatically [as] [when] [you spray]
Hose end concentrate / Easy to spray concentrate
[Attach][Just insert] hose and spray.
Connect & Spray (Sprinkle) (Soak) Applicator
Unique [shower head] sprayer design

General

Easy to use
Water based Formula.
Guaranteed results[*] [*]or your money back
Guaranteed to work[*] [*]or your money back

Simply point & spray
[No Measuring][Required] No Mixing, No Pumping.
No Mixing, No measuring required.

[No odor][Odorless]

[Non-staining][No odor][Odorless]formula

[4-oz] Covers {treats} [1600] [4000] sq ft
Covers [Treats] over [XXX] sq. ft.
Cover[s] XX acres
Acre Coverage

Insect Killer

Powered by Zeta {Zeta-C}! [Next generation in insect control]
Formula {insecticide} provides [same day] control
Kills by Contact. Starts acting within Minutes*. *except ticks
Visible activity within Minutes*. *except ticks
Works in Minutes*. *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
Advanced Killing Action starts within minutes*. *except ticks
Kills [insert listed insect] fast!*. *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
[NOW] kills over [XXX] insects!
Fast Acting!*. *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
Visible results [in minutes]
Kills by contact

Up to [4] [6] [8] weeks [2] [3] [months] control of [listed insect]! *{NOTE the listed insect may not be fleas, ticks, or mosquitoes}*
Up to [4] [6] [8] [10] [12] [weeks] [2] [3] [months] control of nuisance pests [listed insect]! *{NOTE the listed insect may not be fleas, ticks, or mosquitoes}*
Kills fast and [lasts][protects] up to [4] [6] [8] weeks [2] [3] [months] *. *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
Keeps protecting up to [4] [6] [8] weeks [2] [3] [months] after application*. *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
One application – up to [4] [6] [8] weeks [2] [3] [months] control*. *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
Kills by Contact [and keeps killing {protecting}] {up to} [4] [6] [8] weeks [2] [3] [months]*. *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
Lasts {up to} [4] [6] [8] weeks [2] [3] [months]*. *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
Up to [4] [6] [8] weeks [2] [3] month control {protection}*. *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
Lasts all [season] [summer]*. *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes

Got [insert listed pest], use [insert Brand Name here][!]
Got [household][insert listed pest], use [insert Brand Name here][!]
[NOW] Kills more insects*
*versus previous label
Plant A Love for Gardening

Kills over XXX listed common household insects
Kills [over XXX] [annoying][damaging] listed insects [fast] [and prevents new infestations] [for up to [4] [6] [8] weeks [2] [3] [months]]*. *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
Kills over XXX [listed] pests* & prevents new infestations** [*as listed] **except fleas, ticks and mosquitoes
Kills [annoying][damaging] listed insects [and prevents new infestations*] *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes *{NOTE: if bracketed portion is not used, the exclusion is not needed}*
Kills listed common household [ants][roaches][insects][bugs]
Kills Ants, Roaches, Spiders and Other Home Invading Pests as listed
Kills Carpenter Ants and other listed [ant][roaches][insect][bug] species {by Contact!}
Kills by contact and keeps killing up to 3 months* *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
Kills stink bugs

[Kills] Controls hard to kill [tough] [insects] [pests] [plus fire ants] as listed
Kills blacklegged and brown dog ticks, mosquitoes and other listed invading [pests][insects]
Kills blacklegged and brown dog ticks and mosquitoes

Kill [annoying] [damaging] [insects*] [pests*] and reclaim your [lawn][home] [today!] *as listed

Kills blacklegged ticks that may transmit Lyme Disease and brown dog ticks.
Kills mosquitoes [including mosquitoes [that may transmit [West Nile Virus] [Zika Virus] and
[Chikungunya Virus]]
Attack mosquitoes before they attack you [with F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide]

Kills [insert listed insect] {NOTE: listed insect may not be "ticks"}
Kills [insert listed insect] and other listed pests [insects] {NOTE: listed insect may not be "ticks"}

Kills [ants] [beetles] [chinch bugs] and other listed pests [insects] {NOTE: listed insect may not be
"ticks"}

Indoor

Keeps Killing Ants {for} up to [3][6][9] months {indoors}
Provides up to [3] months [ant][roach] Control {indoors}

Reclaim your home [indoors][today] from [annoying][destroying][ants][roaches][insects*][bugs*][!]
*as listed
Kills listed Home Invading Insects [pests] [ants]

Keeps Bugs Out!
Up to 12 Month Control Indoors* **
[*Listed Insects]
**except ticks

F6570 EW concentrate is a convenient [liquid] spray that protects your home from listed invading
insects — kills ants by contact and keeps killing [ants][inside] for up to [3][6][9] months.

{KILLS: Ants, Roaches, Spiders and Other Home Invading Pests as listed.}
{USE: Indoors as a spot treatment}

Outdoor

Can be used as an outdoor barrier treatment* *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
Creates a [pest / insect / bug] barrier* *except fleas, ticks and mosquitoes
Kills [insert listed insect] outside so they can't come inside!
Kills invading insects that may enter from neighboring units.
For outdoor use

Protects your lawn for up to [4] [6] [8] weeks [2] [3] [months]!* *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes

Use on [lawns] [and gardens] [Outdoor Surfaces][plants] [vegetables][fruit][flowers][trees] [Shrubs]
[Home Perimeter][Lawns][shrubs][ornamentals][decks][home siding][patio][driveway][ornamentals]

Tough on [insert listed insects], gentle on [your] lawn* [or garden] [plants] [shrubs] [vegetables]
[fruits] [edibles] [flowers][trees][ornamentals][home][concrete surfaces] [brick] [patio] [wood] [siding]
[deck] *when used as directed

Won't harm [your] lawn* [or garden] [plants] [shrubs] [vegetables] [fruits] [edibles] [flowers][trees][ornamentals][home][concrete surfaces][brick][patio][wood][siding][deck] *when used as directed

Kills lawn [and garden] [invading] pests {insects} [including] [ants] [aphids] [armyworms] [beetles] [cutworms] [fruit flies] [Japanese beetles] [chinch bugs] [caterpillars] [sod worms] [squash bugs] [white flies] and other listed pests {insects}

Kills [ants] [beetles] [Japanese beetles] [chinch bugs] [caterpillars] [sod worms] [white flies] and other listed pests {insects}

Control {Kills} lawn {invading} damaging insects {pests}[plus fire ants] as listed

Protects lawn from common pests {insects} as listed
Stops {prevents} lawn damage [from insects {pests}] as listed
[simple] [easy] one [step] [application] lawn protection
Kills listed nuisance pests outdoors [and on your lawn] [before they can come inside]

Reclaim your lawn [outdoors] [garden] [today] from [annoying] [damaging] [insects*] [bugs*] [pests*]
*as listed

Kill [annoying] [damaging] listed [insects] [pests] and reclaim your lawn [garden] [today!]
Don't let insects* {bugs*} feed on your lawn another day. *as listed

Kills Fire Ants by contact [and prevents new mounds from forming] up to [4] [weeks].
Kills the Queen. Kills the Mound [colony]

Kills Fire Ants by Contact. [and keeps killing for [4] weeks].
Kills colony in 24 hrs. Starts killing Fire Ants Immediately.

Prevents new mounds from forming up to [4] weeks
One application lasts {protects} for [4] weeks against fire ants

[4-oz] [1-quart / 32-oz] [XX oz] Covers {treats} 2133 [4267] [1600] [12,800] [4000] [32,000] [XX] sq.ft. [of lawn]
[15%] 25% [50%] more coverage [than standard] [quart]
[32 oz] [1 quart] [Ready to Spray][concentrate] Makes over 2[4] [8] [10] [12] [32] [gallons] of liquid [spray]
[32 oz] [1 quart] [Ready to Spray][concentrate] Makes up to [2] [4] [8] [13] [32] [gallons] of liquid [spray]

Kills [a wide range of listed crawling and flying] listed wood-infesting pests
Protects your home, deck and other wood structures from listed wood-destroying insects
Kills listed Wood-Destroying Insects [by Contact]
Home foundation treatment
Kills termites, carpenter ants, carpenter bees, wood boring beetles and more*
*listed insects

Kills listed wood-destroying insects outside, so they can't come inside
Kills listed termites & carpenter ants outside, so they can't come inside
[Reliable] Protection from listed [wood-destroying/wood-damaging] [insects/pests]

Treat for [Lawns][Home Perimeter Treatment][Outdoor Surfaces][shrubs][ornamentals][decks][home siding][patio][driveway]
Kills [listed pests] outside, so they can't come inside
Kills [damaging][harmful] [listed pests] [fast*]. *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
Kills [damaging][harmful] [listed pests]

Protect your home from listed [wood destroying insects][termites & carpenter ants]

Protects edibles from insect damage

Keeps protecting up to [2 weeks] [one day] before harvest*

Will not harm plants* [or blooms*] *when used as directed

[Developed] for use on edibles [and flowers]

[Specially] formulated for [use on more than 100 types of] fruits and vegetables

Kills Japanese Beetles, Aphids, hornworms and other listed pests [up to one day before harvest*]

*for listed fruit and vegetable plants

Specially formulated for use on more than 100 types of fruits and vegetables

Reclaim your lawn [garden] [outdoors] [today] from listed [annoying] [damaging] [insects] [bugs] [pests]

Kill listed [annoying] [damaging] [insects] [pests] and reclaim your lawn [garden] [today!]

Don't let insects {bugs} feed on your lawn [garden] another day.

Reclaim your garden!

Use until one day before harvest

Tough on [listed insect], gentle on [shrubs*] [vegetables*] [gardens*] *when used as directed

Fire Ants

1. Liquid Drench Concentrate
2. Kills by Contact

Kills the queen and the Colony [the Mound]

Fire Ant Mound Drench

Ready-to-spray [Mound Drench]

Fast Acting [Mound Treatment]

[Destroys][Kills] Stubborn Mounds [in Minutes]

Treats up to [40] Mounds

Treats up to [XX] Mounds

32 oz. Bottle Treats 40 Mounds

Kills Fire Ants in minutes

Kills the Queen

Destroys the mound

Eliminates Fire Ant colony

Destroys entire colonies

Kills the Queen and entire colony

Can be used around flowers, shrubs, trees

Kills (controls) mound in (5) minutes

Will not harm your [lawn*][garden*][grass*][trees*][shrubs*][yard*][ornamentals*] *when used as directed

No Mound Relocation

Destroys [Kills] the mound and the queen

Prevents new mounds from forming

Kills insects above and below the ground

Kills visible and hidden mounds

Home & Garden Claims

General

Easy to Apply

F6570 EW MASTER INSECTICIDE 20190723.v1

[For][Use][On]On vegetables, fruits & ornamentals
For ornamental insects
For outdoor residential use only
Home & Garden insecticide
Use for lawns
Non-Staining
Low Odor
[Now][Also] for use on [lawns] [listed sites][nut trees][herbs]
Broad spectrum insect control
Protect your backyard from listed [nuisance] pests
Free your backyard from listed pests [today]
Protect your container garden from listed [pests][insert listed pest]
Protect your [roses][flowers][lawn][and][garden] from listed [damaging][harmful] pests.
Not harmful to grasses* *when used as directed
Won't harm [your] [plants*,] [blooms*,] [or] [lawn*] *when used as directed
Peel Sticker to Access Spray Wand

Kills [insert listed pest]
Kills listed chewing and sucking [insects][bugs]
Kills listed Leaf Eating [Insects][Bugs]
100% Guarantee
Non-penetrating
Non-systemic
[This concentrate][insert icon of concentrate bottle][makes][equals] 8 RTU bottles [insert icon of RTU bottles]!

Trusted Brand since [insert year]
Established Brand since [insert year]
Est. [insert year]
Trusted brand for over 50 years

Edibles

Protects over XXX listed fruits and vegetables
For use on [vegetables][fruits][nut trees][herbs]
Protects [your] fruits and vegetables [from][against] listed insects
Protects lawns, flowers, trees, and shrubs against listed insects
Tough on [insert listed pest], gentle* on [insert listed site] *when used as directed
Kills over XXX listed pests
Kills over XXX listed Insect Pests:
 XX Different insects on Vegetable Crops
 XX Different Insects on Fruit Crops
 XX Different Insects on Trees, Ornamentals, Shrubs, Flowers
 XX different Insects Around the outside of Homes
Provides same day control
Protects your lawn and garden for up to 3 months* *except fleas, ticks, and mosquitoes
Kills [vegetable] [fruit] insects by contact
Reclaim your [lawn] [garden] [yard] [backyard] [today]
For use [on] [vegetables] [fruits] [in gardens]
Ideal for [outdoor] container gardening
Great for [veggie][vegetable][fruit][and][herb]gardens
For listed vegetable insects

Keeping your vegetable garden and lawn free of listed pests has never been easier
Can be used up to 1 day before harvesting for [tomatoes] [peppers] [bell peppers] [carrots]
[cucumbers] [squash] [blackberries]
Protect your [garden][insert labeled site][veggies][listed vegetable][listed fruit][listed edible] with
[insert brand name]!
Growing [insert listed site]? Protect them [from] [insert listed pest] with [insert brand name]!
Grow your own [fruits] [and] [vegetables] – protect them with [insert brand name]!
Protect your [insert listed site] with [insert brand name]!

General & Directions

[Bug Killer]
Hate The Bugs. Love The Garden. Get [insert brand name]!
Got [insert listed pest here]? Get [insert brand name]!
Apply with most common garden sprayers
Kills over [XXX][500] insects!
Makes up to [XXX] gallons of spray
[20%] more coverage [than standard] [quart]

People and pets can only [return to] the lawn once product has been watered in and allowed
to dry.

People and pets can only [return to] the lawn once product [is dry] [has dried].

People and pets must wait until product has been watered in and allowed to dry before [returning to]
the lawn

People and pets must wait until the product [is dry] [has dried] before [returning to] to the
Lawn

People & pets may re-enter treated area after spray dries

Wait until product [is dry] [has dried] before returning to the lawn
Allow product to dry completely before people and pets [return to] the lawn

Ease of Use

Shake well and spray (Ready-To-Spray)
Mix and pour (Concentrate)
Easy, Accurate Measuring & Mixing (Concentrate)
[Simple] [and] [Easy] to use
Economical - use to cover large areas
Easy-Measure [Cap] [Top] [Lid] [Cup] (Concentrate)

Value Claims:

[X fl.oz.] Value Size!
Value Size!
[X]% More [Free]!
[Retailer Name] Exclusive Value Size!
Bonus Size [X]% More [Free]!
Special Value! X% More* (*X% more than X lb/oz [bottle])
Club Size!
Club Pack!

Additional Claims for applicable packaging:

[Concentrated] Refill [Bottle] [Included]
Now [X] fl.oz.!

Club Size!

Club Pack!

F6570 EW Master Insecticide Kit [!]

F6570 EW Master Insecticide Combo Pack [!]

F6570 EW Master Insecticide Value Pack [!]

F6570 EW Master Insecticide + Refill Kit [!]

F6570 EW Master Insecticide + Refill Combo Pack [!]

F6570 EW Master Insecticide + Refill Value Pack [!]

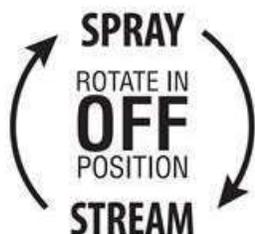
Reusable sprayer [included]

REFILLABLE!

Empty [F6570 EW Master Insecticide] bottle can be reused by refilling it with the [F6570 EW Master Insecticide] refill Bottle. Follow instructions in the Reuse and Refill section when using the [F6570 EW Master Insecticide] empty [RTS] bottle.

Optional Images and associated text for applicable RTS Sprayer packaging:

SPRAY STREAM
ROTATE IN OFF POSITION
MIX H2O OFF



II. PowerFlex Sprayer

AMDRO DELIVERY SYSTEM

[When Packaged Accordingly:]

AMDRO Battery Operated [Powered] Sprayer

SPRAYER: USE DIRECTIONS

The [AMDRO Spray Delivery System Name] is a patented innovative home lawn, landscape, and perimeter tank spray system. Spot treat [[bugs] with this easy to use system.

1. Unscrew the tank cap and fill the tank with water up to the one gallon indicator. [The tank holds one gallon of water.]
2. Remove the [sprayer][wand][applicator] from the tank holster and unfold the [sprayer][wand][applicator].
3. Select the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide] labeled for intended use. READ THE ENTIRE PRODUCT LABEL PRIOR TO USE.
4. Remove the cap from the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide]. [Each [cartridge][bottle] contains 4 oz. of [product][liquid].] [Each 4 oz. [cartridge][bottle] of concentrate makes one gallon of [liquid][ready to use] spray.]
5. Insert the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide] into the top of the sprayer and twist until tight.

6. Press the trigger to spot spray [bugs] as listed on the product label.
7. When finished spot treating remove the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide]. Replace the cap on the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide]. Follow label Storage and Disposal instructions for product [insecticide][cartridge][bottle].
8. After spot spraying rinse the [sprayer][wand][applicator] according to the RINSE: USE DIRECTIONS.

RINSE: USE DIRECTIONS

1. Remove the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide]. Ensure that there is water in the one gallon tank.
2. Press and hold the [trigger][sprayer] for 10 seconds to flush the [sprayer][wand][applicator] with clean water from the tank.

CHANGE [CARTRIDGE][BOTTLE]: USE DIRECTIONS

1. Remove the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide] currently loaded in the [AMDRO Spray Delivery System Name].
2. Follow label Storage and Disposal instructions for product [insecticide][cartridge][bottle].
3. Press and hold the [trigger][sprayer] for 10 seconds to flush the [sprayer][wand][applicator] with clean water from the tank.
4. Select a new [cartridge][bottle][insecticide] labeled for intended use. READ THE ENTIRE PRODUCT LABEL PRIOR TO USE.
5. Insert the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide] into the top of the sprayer and twist until tight.
6. Press the trigger to spot spray [bugs] as listed on the product label.
7. When finished spot treating remove the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide]. Replace the cap on the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide]. Follow label Storage and Disposal instructions for product [insecticide][cartridge][bottle].
8. After spot spraying, rinse the [sprayer][wand][applicator] according to the RINSE: USE DIRECTIONS. Store the [AMDRO Spray Delivery System Name] OR RINSE and change [cartridge][bottle].

NOTE: IF OUTPUT SPRAY IS DIMINISHED OR SPUTTERING, DO THE FOLLOWING:

1. Check that there is water remaining in the one gallon tank. If not, refill the tank with water.
2. Check that there is liquid remaining in the [cartridge][bottle]. If not, change to a new [cartridge][bottle].

[Two [cartridges][bottles] can be stored on the back of the [AMDRO Spray Delivery System Name]] .

[{Optional:}CHANGING BATTERIES:]

If sprayer does not operate or spray performance declines significantly, change the four AA alkaline batteries in the sprayer handle as follows:

1. Remove the [cartridge][bottle].
2. Slide the battery cover open in the underside of sprayer handle.
3. Allow battery cover to swing open.
4. Remove old batteries.

5. Replace with four AA alkaline batteries. Make sure the positive and negative ends match the direction indicated on the inside of the battery door.
6. Close battery door and slide the door until latch is closed.

1 - Indoor Use Option

Summary Table

{All pest and site lists may be formatted in paragraph or line items on FPL}

Where to Use	Indoors
Kills	<p><i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i></p> <p>[Ants Millipedes Springtails Silverfish, firebrats Grasshoppers & crickets Earwigs Cockroaches Weevils & billbugs, ground beetles, (Japanese beetle, pillbug, sowbug, black turf Ataenius, bark beetle & pine shoot beetle), borers, elm leaf beetle Wasps & yellow jackets, bees, carpenter bees Flies, Including House flies Blacklegged and Brown Dog Ticks] [Insert listed pest from Section VI table]</p> <p>[This product controls acrobat ants, Argentine ants, bigheaded ants, carpenter ants, cornfield ants, crazy ants, field ants, ghost ants, false honey ants, little black ants, odorous house ants, pavement ants, pyramid ants, thief ants, and velvety tree ants] [And other listed [pests] [insects] [bugs]]</p>
When to Use	For Crack and Crevice and Spot Treatment for the above listed pests
How to Use	For Indoor Crack and Crevice and Spot Treatment: Spray for listed pests. Spray edges and cracks and crevices where insects may be. Directly spot treat listed pests when they are seen. Do not spray to point of runoff.

Use this product as a spot or crack and crevice treatment to localized areas where pests are seen or suspected only. Spot treat surfaces until visibly wet. Apply to listed pests directly, whenever possible.

How to Use – Indoors	
<p>Use to kill and control listed pests commonly found indoors or that may enter from outdoor areas.</p> <p>[See below for specific use directions for certain pests]</p>	<p>F6570 EW may be used as a general spot, crack and crevice treatment in nonfood areas. All areas where insects inhabit or through which insects may enter should be treated.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spray directly to pest and to areas where pests are found or hide. • Use only in well ventilated areas and do not use as a space spray.
To Kill Cockroaches, Crickets, Firebrats, Silverfish, Springtails Indoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spray localized areas where these pests hide, including baseboards, corners,

	storage areas, closets, around water pipes, doors and windows, attics and eaves, behind and under refrigerators, cabinets, sinks, furnaces, and stoves, the underside of shelves, drawers and similar areas. Pay particular attention to cracks and crevices.
To Kill Ants Indoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply to any trails, around doors and windows and other places where ants may be found. This product will provide up to 9 months residual control (of ants)
To Kill Boxelder Bugs, Earwigs, Elm Leaf Beetles, Ground Beetles, Millipedes, Pillbugs and Sowbugs Indoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply around doors and windows and other places where these pests may be found or where they may enter premises. • Spray localized areas of baseboards, storage areas and other locations.
To Kill Flies Indoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply directly to localized areas of walls, ceilings, window screens, and other fly resting areas as a residual surface treatment. • May also be used inside as well as around carports, garages, and storage sheds.
To Kill Blacklegged ticks that may transmit Lyme disease and Brown dog ticks Indoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spot treat localized areas of floors pets may frequent including pet resting areas. Old bedding of pets should be removed and replaced with clean, fresh bedding after treatment of pet area.
Treatment of Wood-in-Place to Kill Exposed Stages of Wood-Infesting Insects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the control of insects including Termites, Ants and Carpenter Ants in localized areas of infested wood in and around structures, apply to voids and galleries in damaged wood and in spaces between wooden members of a structure and between wood and foundations where wood is vulnerable. Not intended to replace structural treatments.
To Kill Insects in Greenhouse and Indoor Plants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spray leaves of infested indoor plants. • Some plants may be sensitive to the spray solution, so first test a small area.

2 - Outdoor Use Option

{All pest and site lists may be formatted in paragraph or line items on FPL}

Summary Table

Where to Use	<i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> Lawns Trees and shrubs [including deciduous and evergreen trees and shrubs] Roses [and] flowers [and ornamental plants] [including ground covers, bedding plants, annuals, perennials, and foliage plants] Outside surfaces of buildings [Insert Claim(s) from Section I]
Kills	<i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> [Ants (including fire ants, crazy ants, and tawny crazy ants) Mosquitoes Fleas Gypsy moth, bagworm, budworm & leafroller, armyworms, cutworms, fall webworm, sod webworm, tent caterpillar, leafminer Millipedes Springtails Silverfish, firebrats Earwigs Cockroaches Chinch bug, boxelder bug, plant bug, lace bug Leafhoppers, spittlebugs, psyllids, whitefly, aphids, cicadas, scales, mealybug, adelgids, treehoppers Flies, including house fly Grasshoppers, Crickets Scorpions Spiders Blacklegged and Brown dog ticks Thrips Weevils & billbugs, ground beetles, (Japanese beetle, pillbug, sowbug, black turf Ataenius, bark beetle & pine shoot beetle), borers, elm leaf beetle] [Insert listed pest from Section VI table] And Other Listed [lawn & Garden] [Pests] [insects] [bugs] [Wasps & yellow jackets, bees, carpenter bees] [Insert Claim(s) from Section I]
When to Use	To Treat lawns and vegetation: When insects or damage first appear When using as perimeter treatment: Early in season or when insects appear
How Much to Use	Mixes [Dilutes] automatically [when] [as] [you] [spray]
[Coverage]	[Treats][covers] [up to] [250] [2,133] [4,267] [8,500] [12,800] [32,000] sq. ft. [of lawn]

Summary Table for Wood-Infesting Insects:

Where to Use	Outdoor and home perimeter
Kills	Carpenter ants, Crazy Ants, Tawny Crazy Ants, termites, blacklegged and brown dog ticks, Carpenter bees, wood boring beetles and other listed wood-destroying pests
When to Use	To kill wood-destroying insects outside, including home perimeters, decks, wood piles, wood patios, wood sheds and other wooded structures. Also, kills blacklegged and brown dog ticks on outdoor surfaces: When insects first appear
[How Much to Use]	Mixes [Dilutes] automatically [when] [as] [you] [spray]
[Coverage]	[4-oz] [Treats][covers] [up to] [250] [533] [1062][1600] [4000] sq ft

How to Use - Outdoors	
NUISANCE PESTS ON OUTDOOR SURFACES	
<p>To Kill Ants, Earwigs, and other listed Pests on Outside Surfaces and Around Buildings</p> <p>[See below for specific use directions for certain pests]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply solution to point of run-off as a residual spray to vegetation including bushes and trees around buildings and other structures. • For ants, apply to any trails, around doors and windows and other places where ants may be found. • To prevent pests from entering buildings, apply solution to a band of soil and vegetation 5 to 10 feet wide around and adjacent to the building. Also, treat the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet where pests are active and may find entrance. Apply as a coarse spray. Thoroughly and uniformly wet the band area, using 1 gallon of spray mix per 250 square feet. • The surface to be treated should be dry at the time of application. Attics and unoccupied lofts should be treated at the same time and at the same rate.
<p>To Kill Carpenter Ants Outdoors</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply to carpenter ant trails around doors and windows and other places where carpenter ants have been observed or are expected to forage. • For best results, locate and treat carpenter ant nests. • Apply a perimeter treatment as described above. • Not intended to replace structural treatments. For termites – not recommended as sole protection against termites. Such applications are not a substitute for mechanical alterations, soil or foundation treatment but merely as a supplement. For active infestations, get a professional inspection
<p>To Kill Mosquitoes Outdoors</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For best results, locate areas where mosquitoes are most active or may become active. • Treat using 1 gallon per 250 sq ft. Use a coarse spray to ensure thoroughly coverage. • Around buildings, apply an uninterrupted band 3 to 5 feet wide around the perimeter of the building and up to 3 feet along the side or foundation of the building.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a spot and crack and crevice treatment around potential entry points including doors, windows, and eaves.
To Kill Bees and Wasps Outside	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application to nests should be made late in the evening when insects are at rest. • Thoroughly spray nest and entrance and surrounding areas where insects alight
To Kill Blacklegged and Brown dog ticks Outdoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Treat using 1 gallon per 250 sq ft. Use a coarse spray to ensure thoroughly coverage. • To prevent infestation of the home, treat soil and vegetation around the exterior perimeter of the home as described above. • Treat soil and vegetation adjacent to wooded areas on the property where blacklegged and brown dog ticks may be harboring • Treat areas of taller vegetation (2 – 3 ft), around the exterior of the property, • Treatment should be made to the point of runoff. • Treatment should be applied thoroughly and uniformly
To Kill Fleas, Spiders, Scorpions, Mole Crickets, Crickets and Grasshoppers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To kill spiders, scorpions, spiders, mole crickets, crickets and grasshoppers and to prevent infestation of buildings, apply a 1 gallon per 250 sq. ft. to the soil and vegetation around the exterior perimeter of the building as described in the instructions for use in perimeter treatment. • Spray to the point of runoff, applying spray thoroughly and uniformly on treated areas.
Treatment of Wood-in-Place to Kill Exposed Stages of Wood-Infesting Insects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the control of insects including Termites, Ants and Carpenter Ants in localized areas of infested wood in and around structures, apply to voids and galleries in damaged wood and in spaces between wooden members of a structure and between wood and foundations where wood is vulnerable. Not intended to replace structural treatments.
LAWNS	
To Kill Ants, Fire Ants, Beetles, Chinch Bugs, Sod Webworms, Weevils and other listed Pests in Lawns [See below for specific use directions for certain pests]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uniformly apply one gallon of solution over a 250 square feet area with a sprayer. • Lawn should not be longer than 3 inches at the time of application. • Repeat application is necessary only if there are signs of renewed insect activity

<p>To Kill Fleas and Mosquitoes</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For best results, locate areas where these pests are most active or may become active. • Treat using 1 gallon per 250 sq ft. • Apply uniformly over lawn. Treat area directly using a coarse spray until thoroughly wet and up to the point of runoff.
<p>ORNAMENTALS, ROSES, FLOWERS and TREES</p>	
<p>To Kill Ants, (including cut ants), Aphids, Bagworms, Earwigs, Sow Bugs, Millipedes, Beetles, Weevils, Plant Bugs, Leaf-cutting Bees, Sawflies, Caterpillars, Moths and other listed pests on Ornamentals, Roses, Flowers and Trees [(including deciduous and evergreen trees, shrubs, ground covers, bedding plants, annuals, perennials, and foliage plants)].</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply solution to point of run-off by brush or as a spray. Spray up to the point of run-off making sure to cover all sides of leaves and trunk. Retreat if pests return. • For ground covers, bedding plants, foliage, annuals and perennials, apply one gallon of solution per 1,000 square feet as a uniform spray. Repeat treatment as necessary to achieve control using higher application rates as pest pressure & foliage area increases. Repeat application should be limited to no more than once per seven days. <p>Certain plants may be sensitive to the final spray solution. A limited area should be treated and observed for one week prior to application to the entire planting.</p>

3 - Fruit & Vegetable Option

{All pest and site lists may be formatted in paragraph or line items on FPL}

Summary Table:

<p>Where to Use</p>	<p><i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> [Insert Claim(s) from Section I] [Listed fruits and vegetables] Or [{Insert listed fruit and/or vegetables from Section VII table} And other listed fruits and vegetables]</p>
<p>Kills</p>	<p><i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> [Corn Earworm, Cucumber Beetles, Cutworms, Diamondback Moth, Flea Beetles, Imported Cabbageworm, Leafhoppers, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Tobacco Budworm, Armyworms, Loopers, Lygus Bugs, Onion Thrips, Stink Bugs, Wireworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellow-striped Celery Leaf Tier, Colorado Potato Beetle, Corn Borer, European, Corn Borer, Southwestern, Garden Webworm, Green Stink Bug, Hornworms, Leafminers (adults), Meadow Spittlebug, Pepper Maggot (adults), Pepper Weevil, Plant Bugs, Tomato Fruitworm, Tomato Pinworm, Aphids, Beet Armyworm, Fall Cabbage Looper, Grasshoppers, Brown Stink Bug, Tomato Psyllid, Thrips, Whiteflies, Southern Cabbageworm, Alfalfa Looper, Cabbage Looper, Cabbage Webworm, Ground Beetles, Southern Corn Rootworm (adult), Vegetable Weevil, Whitefringed Beetle (adult),</p>

	Beet Armyworm, Yellowstriped Cabbage Maggot, Imported Cabbageworm, Potato Leafhopper, Potato Psyllid, Potato Tuberworm, Tarnished Plant Bug [Insert listed pest from Section VI table] And Other Listed [lawn & Garden] [Pests] [insects] [bugs] [Insert Claim(s) from Section I]
When to Use	To kill insects on fruit, nut, and vegetable plants: When insects or damage first appear.
[How Much to Use]	Mixes [Dilutes] automatically [when] [as] [you] [spray]
[Coverage]	[4-oz] [Treats][covers] [up to] [250] [1600] [2133] [4000] sq. ft. [of vegetable garden]

HOME GARDENS AND HOME VEGETABLE GARDENS	
To kill insects on fruit, nut and vegetable plants	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1). Use [4 oz] to cover [up to] [250] [1600] [2133] [4000] [32,000] [XX] sq ft. 2). Spray leaves to point of dripping. 3).. Reapply no more than once every seven days if insects return and provided the Pre-Harvest Intervals [PHI] [harvest directions] are followed [accordingly]. 4). Follow chart below for list of plants, pests and harvesting directions

III. RTS/Hose-End Sprayer

Using [How to Use] [the] Ready to Spray [Connector] [Applicator] [System]	<p>[Connect] [Hose]</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> [1.]Shake Well. [2.] Make sure control lever is in the OFF position. Attach to hose. [3.] Turn on water. [Extend hose to furthest place in lawn or garden, so you can work backwards and limit exposure to spray.] <p>[Spray] [Apply mix]</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> [1.] Aim towards direction of application and away from you. [2] Turn control lever to ON to begin spraying. 3). Spray evenly and as directed for specified type of treatment area.[Lawn] [Garden] [or other] <p>[Finish] [Stop] [/Store]</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> [1.] When finished turn control lever to OFF. [2.] Turn faucet OFF. Discharge residual water pressure by turning control lever ON and OFF again. [3.] Disconnect Sprayer and Store / Discard as instructed.
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1 - Outdoor Use Option

{All pest and site lists may be formatted in paragraph or line items on FPL}

Summary Table

Where to Use	<i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> [Insert Claim(s) from Section I] Lawns Trees and shrubs [including deciduous and evergreen trees and shrubs] Roses and flowers [and ornamental plants] [including ground covers, bedding plants, annuals, perennials, and foliage plants] Outside surfaces of buildings
Kills	<i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> [Ants (including fire ants, crazy ants, and tawny crazy ants) Mosquitoes Gypsy moth, bagworm, budworm & leafroller, armyworms, cutworms, fall webworm, sod webworm, tent caterpillar, leafminer Millipedes Springtails Silverfish, firebrats Earwigs Cockroaches Fleas Spiders Grasshoppers Crickets Chinch bug, boxelder bug, plant bug, lace bug Leafhoppers, spittlebugs, psyllids, whitefly, aphids, cicadas, scales, mealybug, adelgids, treehoppers Flies, including house fly Blacklegged and Brown dog ticks Thrips Weevils & billbugs, ground beetles, (Japanese beetle, pillbug, sowbug, black turf Ataenius, bark beetle & pine shoot beetle), borers, elm leaf beetle] [Insert listed pest from Section VI table] [And Other Listed [lawn & Garden] Pests [insects] [bugs]] [Wasps & yellow jackets, bees, carpenter bees] [Insert Claim(s) from Section I]
When to Use	To Treat lawns and vegetation: When insects or damage first appear When using as perimeter treatment: Early in season or when insects appear
[How Much to Use]	Mixes [Dilutes] automatically [when] [as] [you] [spray]
[Coverage]	[Makes][up to] [2][4] [8] [13] [32] [XX] gallons of [liquid] spray [solution] [Treats][covers] [up to] [2133] [4267] [8,500][[12,800] [32,000] [XX] sq. ft. [of lawn]

Summary Table for Wood-Infesting Insect Ready To Spray Concentrate:

Where to Use	Outdoor and home perimeter
Kills	Carpenter ants, Crazy Ants, Tawny Crazy Ants, termites, blacklegged and brown dog ticks, Carpenter bees, wood boring beetles and other listed wood-destroying pests

When to Use	To kill wood-destroying insects outside, including home perimeters, decks, wood piles, wood patios, wood sheds and other wooded structures. Also, kills blacklegged and brown dog ticks on outdoor surfaces: When insects first appear
[How Much to Use]	Mixes [Dilutes] automatically [when] [as] [you] [spray]
[Coverage]	[32 oz] [1 quart] [XX oz] [Treats][covers] [up to] [2133] [4267] [XX] sq. ft.

How to Use - Outdoors	
NUISANCE PESTS ON OUTDOOR SURFACES	
<p>To Kill Ants, Earwigs, and other named Pests on Outside Surfaces and Around Buildings</p> <p>[See below for specific use directions for certain pests]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply to point of run-off to vegetation including bushes and trees around buildings and other structures. • For ants, apply to any trails, around doors and windows and other places where ants may be found. • To prevent pests from entering buildings, apply solution to a band of soil and vegetation 5 to 10 feet wide around and adjacent to the building. Also, treat the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet where pests are active and may find entrance. Thoroughly and uniformly wet the band area, using 1 quart [32 oz] per 2,133 sq. ft. • The surface to be treated should be dry at the time of application.
<p>To Kill Fleas and Mosquitoes Outdoors</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For best results, locate areas where these pests are most active or may become active. • Treat using 1 quart [32 oz] per 2,133 sq ft. Use a coarse spray to ensure thoroughly coverage. • Around buildings, apply an uninterrupted band 3 to 5 feet wide around the perimeter of the building and up to 3 feet along the side or foundation of the building. • Use a spot and crack and crevice treatment around potential entry points including doors, windows, and eaves.
<p>To Kill Carpenter Ants Outdoors</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply to carpenter ant trails around doors and windows and other places where carpenter ants have been observed or are expected to forage. • For best results, locate and treat carpenter ant nests. • Apply a perimeter treatment as described above. • To protect firewood from carpenter ants (and termites), apply to the soil beneath where the firewood will be stacked. Use 1 quart [32 oz] to treat 640 square feet. DO NOT treat firewood with this product. • Not intended to replace structural treatments. For termites – not recommended as sole protection against termites. Such applications are not a substitute for mechanical alterations, soil

	<p>or foundation treatment but merely as a supplement. For active infestations, get a professional inspection.</p>
To Kill Bees and Wasps Outside	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application to nests should be made late in the evening when insects are at rest. • Thoroughly spray nest and entrance and surrounding areas where insects alight
To Kill Blacklegged and Brown dog ticks Outdoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To prevent infestation of the home, treat soil and vegetation around the exterior perimeter of the home as described above. • Treat soil and vegetation adjacent to wooded areas on the property where blacklegged and brown dog ticks may be harboring • Treat areas of taller vegetation (2 – 3 ft), around the exterior of the property, • Treatment should be made to the point of runoff. • Treatment should be applied thoroughly and uniformly
Treatment of Wood-in-Place to Kill Exposed Stages of Wood-Infesting Insects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the control of insects including Termites, Ants and Carpenter Ants in localized areas of infested wood in and around structures, apply to voids and galleries in damaged wood and in spaces between wooden members of a structure and between wood and foundations where wood is vulnerable. Not intended to replace structural treatments.
LAWNS	
<p>To Kill Ants, Fire Ants, , Beetles, Chinch Bugs, Sod Webworms, Weevils and other listed Pests in Lawns</p> <p>[See below for specific use directions for certain pests]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uniformly apply over lawn. Contents will treat [cover] up to [2133] [32,000] sq ft of lawn. • Lawn should not be longer than 3 inches at the time of application • Repeat application is necessary only if there are signs of renewed insect activity
To Kill Fleas, Spiders, Grasshoppers and Crickets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uniformly apply over lawn. Contents will treat [cover] up to [2133] sq ft of lawn. • Lawn should not be longer than 3 inches at the time of application • Repeat application is necessary only if there are signs of renewed insect activity
To Kill Fleas and Mosquitoes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For best results, locate areas where these pests are most active or may become active. • Treat using 1 quart [32 oz] per 2,133 sq ft. • Apply uniformly over lawn. Treat area directly using a coarse spray until thoroughly wet and up to the point of runoff.
Ant Mound Treatments	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To treat ant mounds including imported fire ant mounds, focus the spray to fully soak each mound and the immediate surrounding area. Use 1 quart [32 oz] to treat 40 mounds. • For best results, apply in cool weather, including in early morning or late evening hours, but not in the heat of the day.
ORNAMENTALS, ROSES, FLOWERS and TREES	
<p>To Kill Ants, (including cut ants), Aphids, Bagworms, Earwigs, Sow Bugs, Millipedes, Beetles, Weevils, Plant Bugs, Leaf-cutting Bees, Sawflies, Caterpillars, Moths and other listed pests on Ornamentals, Roses, Flowers and Trees [(including deciduous and evergreen trees, shrubs, ground covers, bedding plants, annuals, perennials, and foliage plants)].</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spray up to the point of run-off making sure to cover all sides of leaves and trunk. Retreat if pests return. • For ground covers, bedding plants, foliage, annuals and perennials, apply as a uniform spray. 1 quart [32 oz] will treat [cover] [between] [2133] [and] [4267] [32,000] sq ft. Repeat treatment as necessary to achieve control using higher application rates as pest pressure & foliage area increases. Repeat application should be limited to no more than once per seven days. <p>Certain plants may be sensitive to the final spray solution. A limited area should be treated and observed for one week prior to application to the entire planting.</p>

2 – Fruit & Vegetable Use Option

{All pest and site lists may be formatted in paragraph or line items on FPL}

Summary Table:

Where to Use	<p><i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> [Listed fruits,nuts, and vegetables], [gardens],[plants],[flowers],[trees], [Shrubs] [ornamentals][edibles][lawn][fruit] [Insert Claim(s) from Section I]</p>
Kills	<p><i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> [Corn Earworm, Cucumber Beetles, Cutworms, Diamondback Moth, Flea Beetles, Imported Cabbageworm, Leafhoppers, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Tobacco Budworm, Armyworms, Loopers, Lygus Bugs, Onion Thrips, Stink Bugs, Wireworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellow-striped Celery Leaf Tier, Colorado Potato Beetle, Corn Borer, European, Corn Borer, Southwestern, Garden Webworm, Green Stink Bug, Hornworms, Leafminers (adults), Meadow Spittlebug, Pepper Maggot (adults), Pepper Weevil, Plant Bugs, Tomato Fruitworm, Tomato Pinworm, Aphids, Beet Armyworm, Fall Cabbage Looper, Grasshoppers, Brown Stink Bug, Tomato Psyllid, Thrips, Whiteflies, Southern Cabbageworm, Alfalfa Looper, Cabbage Looper, Cabbage Webworm, Ground Beetles, Southern Corn Rootworm (adult), Vegetable Weevil, Whitefringed Beetle (adult), Beet Armyworm, Yellowstriped Cabbage Maggot, Imported Cabbageworm, Potato Leafhopper, Potato Psyllid, Potato Tuberworm, Tarnished Plant Bug]</p>

	[Insert listed pest from Section VI table] [And other listed [pests] [insects] [bugs]] [Insert Claim(s) from Section I]
When to Use	To kill insects on fruit, nut, and vegetable plants: When insects or damage first appears
[How Much to Use]	Mixes [Dilutes] automatically [when] [as] [you] [spray]
[Coverage]	[32 oz] [1 quart] [XX oz] [Treats][covers] [up to] [2133] [4267] [XX] sq. ft. [of vegetable garden]

HOME GARDENS AND HOME VEGETABLE GARDENS	
To kill insects on fruit, nut and vegetable plants	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1). Use [4 oz] [1 quart] [32 oz] to cover [2133] [4267] [32,000] [XX] sq ft. 2). Spray leaves to point of dripping. 3). Reapply no more than once every seven days if insects return and provided the Pre-Harvest Intervals [PHI] [harvest directions] are followed [accordingly]. 4). Follow chart below for list of plants, pests and harvesting directions

3 – Mound Drench Use Option

F6570 EW MASTER is a convenient, ready-to-spray mound drench designed to wipe out [destroy] [kill] even the most stubborn fire ant mounds in minutes. Simply connect [the hose end attachment] [the sprayer] to any [a] garden hose and {gently} spray [soak] [sprinkle] the mound for [15] [30] to [30] [60] seconds {or until [fully wet] [saturated]}. F6570 EW MASTER goes [starts] to work immediately, {penetrating deep into the mound} killing fire ants by contact

The 32 oz.[64oz] bottle of F6570 EW MASTER is easy to use thanks to the [proprietary] [patented] connect & spray [shower head] applicator which requires no measuring or mixing and contains enough solution [concentrate] to treat {up to} [10] [15] [20] [25] [40] mounds F6570 EW MASTER. *When waiting even[only] [one] [half] [a][1][1/2][day][a few][several][hours] [is too long!][is not good enough!][is not fast enough!]*

Optional Table Summary

F6570 EW MASTER	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kills Fire Ants (native and imported) • Easy to use hose end sprayer requires no mixing or measuring 	
Where to Use	Lawns, as a fire ant mound treatment
When to Use	When insects first appear
Coverage	Treats up to [10][15][20][25][40] mounds

How to Use	1. Make sure control lever is in the OFF position. Shake well and attach to hose.
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	<p>2. Turn water on at faucet, aim nozzle over mound and turn control lever to ON to begin application.</p> <p>3. Gently soak mound, moving the applicator to fully wet the mound for 30 seconds.</p> <p>4. Repeat for each mound.</p> <p>5. When finished turn control lever to OFF. Turn faucet OFF . Discharge residual water pressure by turning control lever ON and OFF again</p>
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IV. Concentrate

1- Outdoor Use Option

Mixing Instructions - How Much to Use	<p>F6570 EW MASTER is to be diluted with water for spray or brush application.</p> <p>1). Fill sprayer with the desired volume of water and add F6570 EW MASTER.</p> <p>2). To prepare a 0.003% [0.011%][0.02%][0.04%] ready to use solution, dilute 1 [4][7.5][15] fluid ounce of this product per gallon of water.</p> <p>3). Mix only the amount of solution needed for the application</p> <p>4). Close and shake before use in order to insure proper mixing.</p>
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{All pest and site lists may be formatted in paragraph or line items on FPL}

Summary Table

Where to Use	<p><i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i></p> <p>Lawns Trees and shrubs Roses and flowers Outside surfaces of buildings [Insert Claim(s) from Section I]</p>
Kills	<p><i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i></p> <p>[Ants (including fire ants, crazy ants, and tawny crazy ants) Mosquitoes Fleas Gypsy moth, bagworm, budworm & leafroller, armyworms, cutworms, fall webworm, sod webworm, tent caterpillar, leafminer Millipedes Spiders Scorpions Mole crickets Springtails Silverfish, firebrats Grasshoppers, crickets Earwigs Cockroaches</p>

	<p>Chinch bug, boxelder bug, plant bug, lace bug Leafhoppers, spittlebugs, psyllids, whitefly, aphids, cicadas, scales, mealybug, adelgids, treehoppers Blacklegged and Brown dog ticks Thrips Weevils & billbugs, ground beetles, (Japanese beetle, pillbug, sowbug, black turf Ataenius, bark beetle & pine shoot beetle), borers, elm leaf beetle] [Insert listed pest from Section VI table]</p> <p>[And Other Listed [lawn & Garden Pests] [insects] [bugs]] [Wasps & yellow jackets, bees, carpenter bees] [Flies, Including House flies] [Insert Claim(s) from Section I]</p>
When to Use	<p>To Treat lawns and vegetation: When insects or damage first appear When using as perimeter treatment: Early in season or when insects appear</p>
How Much to Use	<p>For Lawns and perimeter treatments: Dilute 4 fluid ounce of this product per gallon of water to evenly cover 1000 sq ft of area. For Ornamentals, Trees and Flowers: dilute 4 fluid ounce of this product per gallon of water and fully spray foliage. For Fleas, Mosquitoes, Scorpions, Mole Crickets, Spiders, Crickets & Grasshoppers and Blacklegged and Brown dog ticks: Dilute 15 fluid ounces of this product per gallon of water to evenly cover 1,000 sq ft of area.</p>
[Coverage]	<p>[Makes][up to] [2][4] [8] [13][32][XX] gallons of [liquid] spray [solution] [Treats][covers] [up to] [2,133] [4,267] [8,500] [12,800] [32,000] [XX] sq. ft. [of lawn] [XX oz] treats [up to] [XX sq ft]</p>

Summary Table for Wood-Infesting Insects:

Where to Use	Outdoor and home perimeter
Kills	Carpenter ants, Crazy Ants, Tawny Crazy Ants, termites, Blacklegged and Brown dog ticks, Carpenter bees, wood boring beetles and other listed wood-destroying pests
When to Use	To kill wood-destroying insects outside, including home perimeters, decks, wood piles, wood patios, wood sheds and other wooded structures. Also, kills Blacklegged and Brown dog ticks on outdoor surfaces: When insects first appear
[Coverage]	[1 oz] [4-oz] [15 oz] [32 oz] [XX oz] per gallon [Treats][covers] [up to] [250] [533] [1062] [1600] [2133] [4000] [XX] sq ft

How to Use – Outdoors	
NUISANCE PESTS ON OUTDOOR SURFACES	
<p>To Kill Ants, Earwigs, and other named Pests on Outside Surfaces and Around Buildings (except for fleas, mosquitoes, spiders, scorpions, crickets, mole crickets, and grasshoppers – see specific instructions below)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply 0.003% solution to point of run-off by brush or as a residual spray to vegetation including bushes and trees around buildings and other structures. • For ants, apply to any trails, around doors and windows and other places where ants may be found. • To prevent pests from entering buildings, apply 0.003% solution to a band of soil and vegetation 5 to 10 feet wide around and adjacent to the building. Also, treat the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet where

	<p>pests are active and may find entrance. Apply as a coarse spray. Thoroughly and uniformly wet the band area, using 1 gallon of spray mix per 1,000 square feet.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The surface to be treated should be dry at the time of application. Attics and unoccupied lofts should be treated at the same time and at the same rate.
To Kill Carpenter Ants Outdoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply to carpenter ant trails around doors and windows and other places where carpenter ants have been observed or are expected to forage. • For best results, locate and treat carpenter ant nests. • Apply a perimeter treatment as described above. • To protect firewood from carpenter ants (and termites), apply to the soil beneath where the firewood will be stacked. Use 1 quart to treat 640 square feet. DO NOT treat firewood with this product. • Not intended to replace structural treatments. For termites – not recommended as sole protection against termites. Such applications are not a substitute for mechanical alterations, soil or foundation treatment but merely as a supplement. For active infestations, get a professional inspection
To Kill Fleas, Mosquitoes, Spiders, Scorpions, Mole Crickets, Crickets and Grasshoppers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For best results, locate areas where these pests are most active or may become active. • Treat using a 0.04% solution (15 fl. oz. per gallon of water per 1,000 sq. ft.). Use a coarse spray to ensure thoroughly coverage. • Around buildings, apply an uninterrupted band 3 to 5 feet wide around the perimeter of the building and up to 3 feet along the side or foundation of the building. • Use a spot and crack and crevice treatment around potential entry points including doors, windows, and eaves.
To Kill Bees and Wasps Outside	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application to nests should be made late in the evening when insects are at rest. • Thoroughly spray nest and entrance and surrounding areas where insects alight
To Kill Blacklegged and Brown dog ticks Outdoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Treat using a 0.04% solution (15 fl. oz. per gallon of water per 1,000 sq. ft.). Use a

	<p>coarse spray to ensure thoroughly coverage.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To prevent infestation of the home, treat soil and vegetation around the exterior perimeter of the home as described above. • Treat soil and vegetation adjacent to wooded areas on the property where blacklegged and brown dog ticks may be harboring • Treat areas of taller vegetation (2 – 3 ft), around the exterior of the property, • Treatment should be made to the point of runoff. • Treatment should be applied thoroughly and uniformly
<p>Treatment of Wood-in-Place to Kill Exposed Stages of Wood-Infesting Insects</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the control of insects including Termites, Ants and Carpenter Ants in localized areas of infested wood in and around structures, apply to voids and galleries in damaged wood and in spaces between wooden members of a structure and between wood and foundations where wood is vulnerable. Not intended to replace structural treatments.
<p>LAWNS</p>	
<p>To Kill Ants, Fire Ants, Beetles, Chinch Bugs, Sod Webworms, Weevils and other listed Pests in Lawns</p> <p>[See below for specific use directions for certain pests]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uniformly apply [one gallon of 0.02%] solution over a 1,000 square feet area with a sprayer] [over lawn]. [Contents will treat up to [2133] [4267] [32000] sq ft of lawn.] • Lawn should not be longer than 3 inches at the time of application. • Repeat application is necessary only if there are signs of renewed insect activity
<p>To Kill Fleas and Mosquitoes</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For best results, locate areas where these pests are most active or may become active. • Treat using 15 fl. oz. per gallon of water per 1,000 sq. ft. • Apply uniformly over lawn. Treat area directly using a coarse spray until thoroughly wet and up to the point of runoff.
<p>Ant Mound Treatments</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To treat ant mounds including imported fire ant mounds, Dilute 0.8 fl oz of F6570 EW MASTER in 1-2gal water and apply to each mound area by sprinkling the mound until it is wet and treat a 4 foot diameter circle around the mound. • Use the higher volume for mounds larger than 12". For best results, apply in cool weather, including in early morning or late

	evening hours, but not in the heat of the day.
ORNAMENTALS, ROSES, FLOWERS and TREES	
To Kill Ants, (including cut ants), Aphids, Bagworms, Earwigs, Sow Bugs, Millipedes, Beetles, Weevils, Plant Bugs, Leaf-cutting Bees, Sawflies, Caterpillars, Moths and other listed pests on Ornamentals, Roses, Flowers and Trees (including deciduous and evergreen trees, shrubs, ground covers, bedding plants, annuals, perennials, and foliage plants).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply 0.02-0.04% solution to point of run-off by brush or as a spray. Spray up to the point of run-off making sure to cover all sides of leaves and trunk. Retreat if pests return. • For ground covers, bedding plants, foliage, annuals and perennials, [apply one gallon of 0.02-0.04% solution per 1,000 square feet as a uniform spray] [One quart will treat between [2133] [and] [4267] [32000] sq ft]. Repeat treatment as necessary to achieve control using higher application rates as pest pressure & foliage area increases. Repeat application should be limited to no more than once per seven days. <p>Certain plants may be sensitive to the final spray solution. A limited area should be treated and observed for one week prior to application to the entire planting.</p>

2 – Indoor Use Option

{All pest and site lists may be formatted in paragraph or line items on FPL}

Summary Table

Where to Use	Indoors
Kills	<p><i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i></p> <p>[Ants Millipedes Springtails Silverfish, firebrats Grasshoppers & crickets Earwigs Cockroaches Weevils & billbugs, ground beetles, (Japanese beetle, pillbug, sowbug, black turf Ataenius, bark beetle & pine shoot beetle), borers, elm leaf beetle Wasps & yellow jackets, bees, carpenter bees Flies, Including House flies Blacklegged and Brown dog ticks]</p> <p>[This product controls acrobat ants, Argentine ants, bigheaded ants, carpenter ants, cornfield ants, crazy ants, field ants, ghost ants, false honey ants, little black ants, odorous house ants, pavement ants, pyramid ants, thief ants, and velvety tree ants] [Insert listed pest from Section VI table]</p> <p>[And other listed [pests] [insects] [bugs]] [Insert Claim(s) from Section I]</p>
When to Use	For Crack and Crevice and Spot Treatment for the above listed pests

How to Use	For Indoor Crack and Crevice and Spot Treatment: Spray for listed pests. Spray edges and cracks and crevices where insects may be. Directly spot treat listed pests when they are seen. Do not spray to point of runoff.
How Much to Use	To Kill Ants, earwigs, and other named pests (except for fleas, mosquitoes, spiders, scorpions, crickets, mole crickets, grasshoppers and Blacklegged and Brown dog ticks): Dilute 4 oz. per gallon of water. To Kill Fleas, mosquitoes, spiders, scorpions, crickets, mole crickets, grasshoppers, and Blacklegged and Brown dog ticks: Dilute 15 fl. oz. of this product per gallon of water.

Use this product as a spot or crack and crevice treatment to localized areas where pests are seen or suspected only. Spot treat surfaces until visibly wet. Apply to listed pests directly, whenever possible.

How to Use – Indoors	
Use to kill and control listed pests commonly found indoors or that may enter from outdoor areas. [See below for specific use directions for certain pests]	F6570 EW may be used as a general spot, crack and crevice treatment in nonfood areas. All areas where insects inhabit or through which insects may enter should be treated. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spray directly to pest and to areas where pests are found or hide. • Use only in well ventilated areas and do not use as a space spray.
To Kill Cockroaches, Crickets, Firebrats, Silverfish, Springtails Indoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spray localized areas where these pests hide, including baseboards, corners, storage areas, closets, around water pipes, doors and windows, attics and eaves, behind and under refrigerators, cabinets, sinks, furnaces, and stoves, the underside of shelves, drawers and similar areas. Pay particular attention to cracks and crevices.
To Kill Ants Indoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply to any trails, around doors and windows and other places where ants may be found. This product will provide up to 9 months residual control (of ants)
To Kill Boxelder Bugs, Earwigs, Elm Leaf Beetles, Ground Beetles, Millipedes, Pillbugs and Sowbugs Indoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply around doors and windows and other places where these pests may be found or where they may enter premises. • Spray localized areas of baseboards, storage areas and other locations.
To Kill Flies Indoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply directly to localized areas of walls, ceilings, window screens, and other fly resting areas as a residual surface treatment.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May also be used inside as well as around carports, garages, and storage sheds.
To Kill Blacklegged that may transmit Lyme Disease and Brown dog ticks Indoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spot treat localized areas of floors pets may frequent including pet resting areas. Old bedding of pets should be removed and replaced with clean, fresh bedding after treatment of pet area.
Treatment of Wood-in-Place to Kill Exposed Stages of Wood-Infesting Insects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the control of insects including Termites, Ants and Carpenter Ants in localized areas of infested wood in and around structures, apply to voids and galleries in damaged wood and in spaces between wooden members of a structure and between wood and foundations where wood is vulnerable. Not intended to replace structural treatments.
To Kill Insects in Greenhouse and Indoor Plants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spray leaves of infested indoor plants. • Some plants may be sensitive to the spray solution, so first test a small area.

V. Home & Garden Section

1 – Concentrate (for Pump / Hose-end Sprayer)

{All pest and site lists may be formatted in paragraph or line items on FPL}

Quick [Reference Table][Facts]

Product Facts	[Insert Claim(s) from Section I]
Where to Use	<i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> Fruit and Vegetable Gardens, Ornamental Plants and Shrubs, Flowers and Ground Covers, Around Structures, Lawns [Insert Claim(s) from Section I]
Fruits & Vegetables	<i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> [Insert fruits & vegetables from Section VII table] [Insert Claim(s) from Section I]
Kills	<i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> [Insert listed pest(s) from Section VI table] And other listed lawn & garden [pests] [insects] [bugs] [Insert Claim(s) from Section I]
How Much to Use	4 fl. oz. per gallon of water

[SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS]

F6570 EW applied at 4 fl. oz. per gallon of water delivers a spray solution containing 0.011% zeta-cypermethrin. For all applications, F6570 EW provides control of each pest as listed in the Pest Table

(see page XX {note to reviewer: this page number corresponds to the page number of Section VI – Pest List}).

<p style="text-align: center;">[MIXING] [MEASURING] INSTRUCTIONS</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shake well before use. • Remove measuring cap and fill cap according to chart below. • Pour into sprayer and add corresponding amount of water. <table border="1" style="width: 100%; margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Fl. Oz. of F6570 EW Concentrate</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Amount of Water</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1 Quart (32 oz)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">½ Gallon (64 oz)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">4</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1 Gallon (128 oz)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">6</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1 ½ Gallons (192 oz)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">8</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2 Gallons (256 oz)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Fl. Oz. of F6570 EW Concentrate	Amount of Water	1	1 Quart (32 oz)	2	½ Gallon (64 oz)	4	1 Gallon (128 oz)	6	1 ½ Gallons (192 oz)	8	2 Gallons (256 oz)
Fl. Oz. of F6570 EW Concentrate	Amount of Water												
1	1 Quart (32 oz)												
2	½ Gallon (64 oz)												
4	1 Gallon (128 oz)												
6	1 ½ Gallons (192 oz)												
8	2 Gallons (256 oz)												
<p style="text-align: center;">PUMP-STYLE TANK SPRAYERS</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">{Similar icon may be used}</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Close sprayer tightly and pressurize with hand pump. For spot applications, use a coarse spray nozzle. For larger area applications, use a fan spray nozzle. • Hold tip of wand 12 inches from target area while spraying. 												
<p style="text-align: center;">DIAL-STYLE HOSE-END SPRAYERS</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fill sprayer jar with enough product for the area to be treated. DO NOT ADD WATER. • Close sprayer, set dial, hook to garden hose and apply. • Pour any unused product back into the F6570 EW original container. 												
<p style="text-align: center;">APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply where insects are expected to appear or when insects or damage are seen. Repeat as necessary according to site-specific directions listed below. • Apply in calm weather. • Begin spraying at the farthest point of the treatment area and work backward to avoid contact with wet treated surfaces. • Spray thoroughly to wet plant surfaces up to the point of runoff. • Sprays must be dry in treated areas before people or pets re-enter. • Do not apply to trees taller than 10 feet. Consider hiring a licensed professional. 												

GARDEN VEGETABLES

In the table below, the Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) refers to the minimum number of days that must pass between the date of the last application and the date of harvest. Reapply no more than once every seven days if insects return and provided the [Pre-Harvest Intervals] [PHI] [harvest directions] are followed [accordingly].

Vegetables {icons may be used for any of the below}	PHI
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<p>[Brassica vegetables:] [Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli (gai lon, white flowering broccoli), Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Kohlrabi, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy), Broccoli Raab (rapini), Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Collards, Kale, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens, Turnip Greens]</p>	<p>1 Day</p>
<p>Corn (sweet)</p>	<p>3 Days</p>
<p>[Cucurbit vegetables:] [Chayote (fruit), Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese Preserving Melon), Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible (including hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), <i>Mormordica</i> spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (includes true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer Squash (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini), Winter Squash (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, and spaghetti squash), Watermelon (includes hybrids and varieties)]</p>	<p>1Day</p>
<p>[Legume Vegetables - Succulent Edible-Podded Peas, Succulent Shelled Peas and Dried Shelled Peas:] [Dwarf Pea, Edible-pod Pea, Snow Pea, Sugar Snap Pea, Pigeon pea, English Pea, Garden Pea, Green Pea, Lentil]</p>	<p>1 Day (Succulent) 21 Days (Dried)</p>
<p>[Legume Vegetables - Succulent Edible-Podded Beans, Succulent Shelled Beans, and Dried Shelled Beans:] [Runner Bean, Snap Bean, Wax Bean, Asparagus Bean, Chinese Longbean, Moth Bean, Yardlong Bean, Jackbean, Soybean (immature seed), Swordbean, Lima Bean, Broad Bean (Fava Bean), Blackeyed Pea, Southern Pea, Grain Lupin, Sweet Lupin, White Lupin, White Sweet Lupin, Field Bean, Kidney Bean, Navy Bean, Pinto Bean, Tepary Bean, Adzuki Bean, Catjang, Cowpea, Crowder Pea, Moth Bean, Mung Bean, Rice Bean, Urd Bean, Chickpea (Garbanzo Bean), Guar, Lablab bean]</p>	<p>1 Day (Succulent) 21 Days (Dried)</p>
<p>[Fruiting vegetables:] [Eggplant, groundcherry (<i>Physalis</i> spp.), okra, pepino (Melon pear), pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), tomatillo, tomato]</p>	<p>1 Day</p>
<p>[Leafy vegetables:] [Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala); Arugula (Roquette), Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), Cilantro (not for use on cilantro grown for seed or coriander), Corn salad, Cress (Garden, Upland (yellow rocket, winter cress)), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Fennel/Florence (finochio), Garden Cress, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden), Purslane (winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach (including New Zealand and vine, Malabar spinach, Indian spinach), Swiss chard]</p>	<p>1 Day</p>
<p>Peanuts</p>	<p>7 Days</p>

<p>[Root and Tuber vegetables (except sugar beets):] [Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Garden Beet, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrot, Cassava (Bitter and Sweet), Celeriac (Celery Root), Chayote (Root), Turnip-Rooted Chervil, Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (Taro), Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Turnip-Rooted Parsley, Parsnip, Potato, Oriental Radish (Daikon), Radish, Rutabaga, Salsify (Oyster Plant), Black Salsify, Spanish Salsify, Skirret, Sweet Potato, Tanier (Cocoyam), Turmeric, Turnip, Yam Bean, Yam (True)]</p>	<p>1 Day</p>
<p>[Sunflowers:] [Castor Oil Plant, Chinese Tallowtree, Euphorbia, Evening Primrose, Jojoba, Niger Seed, Rose Hip, Stokes Aster, Tallowwood, Tea Oil Plant, and Vernonia]</p>	<p>30 Days</p>

BERRIES, FRUITS, AND NUTS

Use F6570 EW as a spot treatment for pest infestations on the berries, fruits and nuts listed below. Applications to trees over 10 feet or trees with areas inaccessible to sprays are not recommended. Apply spray mixture to upper and lower leaves, around fruit clusters, and on branches and trunks up to the point of runoff. Reapply no more than once every seven days if insects return and provided the [Pre-Harvest Intervals] [PHI] [harvest directions] are followed [accordingly].

BERRIES, FRUITS, AND NUTS {Icons may be used for any of the below}	PHI
<p>[Berries Crop Group including:] [Blackberry, loganberry, red and black raspberry, blueberry, highbush and lowbush, currant, elderberry, gooseberry, huckleberry, cultivars and/or hybrids of these]</p>	<p>1 Day</p>
<p>Grapes</p>	<p>1 Day</p>
<p>[Pome Fruit Group including:] [Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental Pear, and Quince.]</p>	<p>14 Days</p>
<p>[Stone Fruit Group including:] [Apricot, Cherry (Sweet and Tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (including Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, and Japanese Plum), Plumcot, Prune (fresh).]</p>	<p>14 Days</p>
<p>[Tree Nuts Group including:] [Almond, beech nut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut, pecan, pistachio, walnut (black and English)]</p>	<p>7 Days</p>
<p>[Tropical Fruits including:] [Avocado, Black Sapote, Canistel, Mamey Sapote, Mango, Papaya, Sapodilla, Star Apple]</p>	<p>1 Day</p>

ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS, AND GROUND COVERS

Use F6570 EW as a spot treatment for pest infestations on ornamental trees, shrubs, flowers and ground covers. Spray up to the point of run-off making sure to cover all sides of leaves and trunk. For ground covers, bedding plants, foliage, annuals and perennials, apply as a uniform spray. Reapply if pests return but repeat applications should be limited to no more than once per seven days.

Certain plants [including annuals] may be sensitive to the final spray solution. A limited area should be treated and observed for one week prior to application to the entire planting.

OUTDOOR PERIMETER TREATMENTS

Apply to the point of run-off as a residual spray to vegetation including bushes and trees around buildings and other structures. For ants, apply to any trails, around doors and windows and other places where ants may be found. To prevent pests from entering buildings, apply to a band of soil and vegetation 5 to 10 feet wide around and adjacent to the building. Also treat the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet where pests are active and may find entrance. Apply as a coarse spray. The surface to be treated should be dry at the time of application.

LAWNS

Uniformly apply 4 fl. oz. F6570 EW per gallon of water [over a] [per] 250 sq ft area. For best results, apply after mowing (lawn should not be longer than 3 inches at the time of application). Repeat applications are necessary only if there are signs of renewed insect activity.

2 – RTS (Hose-end Sprayer)

Quick [Reference Table][Facts]

Product Facts	[Insert Claim(s) from Section I – Optional Marketing Claims]
Where to Use	<i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> Fruit and Vegetable Gardens, Ornamental Plants and Shrubs, Flowers and Ground Covers, Around Structures, Lawns
Fruits & Vegetables	<i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> [Insert fruits & vegetables from below table]
Kills	<i>{Icons may be used for any of the below}</i> [Insert listed pest(s) from Section VI table] And other listed lawn & garden [pests] [insects] [bugs]
How Much to Use	Mixes [Dilutes] automatically [when] [as] [you] [spray]

[SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS]

F6570 EW applied through the ready-to-spray [sprayer][system][hose-end sprayer] delivers a solution containing 0.011% zeta-cypermethrin. For all applications, F6570 EW provides control of each pest as listed in the Pest Table (see page XX {note to reviewer: this page number corresponds to the page number of Section VI – Pest List}).

<p>[[MIXING] [MEASURING] INSTRUCTIONS]</p> <p>[Using [How to Use] [the] Ready to Spray [Connector] [Applicator] [System]]</p>	<p>{OPTION 1}</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • [Shake bottle well before use.] • [Attach garden hose to sprayer intake.] • [Turn on water.] • [Using control [knob][dial][selector], push the safety [tab][button] and select "Water".] • [Aim sprayer nozzle at targeted [plants][area] and adjust control knob to "On".] • [The sprayer will automatically mix [F6570 EW][product] with water [for a continuous spray]]. <p>{OPTION 2}</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • [Connect] [Hose] • [1.] Shake Well. • [2.] Make sure control lever is in the OFF position. Attach to hose. • [3.] Turn on water. [Extend hose to furthest place in lawn or garden, so you can work backwards and limit exposure to spray.] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • [Spray] [Apply mix] • [1.] Aim towards direction of application and away from you. • [2] Turn control lever to ON to begin spraying. • 3). Spray evenly and as directed for specified type of treatment area.[Lawn] [Garden] [or other] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • [Finish] [Stop] [Store] • [1.] When finished turn control lever to OFF. • [2.] Turn faucet OFF. Discharge residual water pressure by turning control lever ON and OFF again. • [3.] Disconnect Sprayer and Store / Discard as instructed.
<p>APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply where insects are expected to appear or when insects or damage are seen. Repeat as necessary according to site-specific directions listed below. • Apply in calm weather. • Begin spraying at the farthest point of the treatment area and work backward to avoid contact with wet treated surfaces. • Spray thoroughly to wet plant surfaces up to the point of runoff. • Sprays must be dry in treated areas before people or pets re-enter. • Do not apply to trees taller than 10 feet. Consider hiring a licensed professional.

GARDEN VEGETABLES

In the table below, the Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) refers to the minimum number of days that must pass between the date of the last application and the date of harvest. Reapply no more than once every seven days if insects return and provided the [Pre-Harvest Intervals] [PHI] [harvest directions] are followed [accordingly].

<p>Vegetables {Icons may be used for any of the below}</p>	<p>PHI</p>
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<p>[Brassica vegetables:] [Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli (gai lon, white flowering broccoli), Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Kohlrabi, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy), Broccoli Raab (rapini), Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Collards, Kale, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens, Turnip Greens]</p>	<p>1 Day</p>
<p>Corn (sweet)</p>	<p>3 Days</p>
<p>[Cucurbit vegetables:] [Chayote (fruit), Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese Preserving Melon), Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible (including hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), <i>Mormordica</i> spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (includes true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer Squash (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini), Winter Squash (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, and spaghetti squash), Watermelon (includes hybrids and varieties)]</p>	<p>1Day</p>
<p>[Legume Vegetables - Succulent Edible-Podded Peas, Succulent Shelled Peas and Dried Shelled Peas:] [Dwarf Pea, Edible-pod Pea, Snow Pea, Sugar Snap Pea, Pigeon pea, English Pea, Garden Pea, Green Pea, Lentil]</p>	<p>1 Day (Succulent) 21 Days (Dried)</p>
<p>[Legume Vegetables - Succulent Edible-Podded Beans, Succulent Shelled Beans, and Dried Shelled Beans:] [Runner Bean, Snap Bean, Wax Bean, Asparagus Bean, Chinese Longbean, Moth Bean, Yardlong Bean, Jackbean, Soybean (immature seed), Swordbean, Lima Bean, Broad Bean (Fava Bean), Blackeyed Pea, Southern Pea, Grain Lupin, Sweet Lupin, White Lupin, White Sweet Lupin, Field Bean, Kidney Bean, Navy Bean, Pinto Bean, Tepary Bean, Adzuki Bean, Catjang, Cowpea, Crowder Pea, Moth Bean, Mung Bean, Rice Bean, Urd Bean, Chickpea (Garbanzo Bean), Guar, Lablab bean]</p>	<p>1 Day (Succulent) 21 Days (Dried)</p>
<p>[Fruiting vegetables:] [Eggplant, groundcherry (<i>Physalis</i> spp.), okra, pepino (Melon pear), pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), tomatillo, tomato]</p>	<p>1 Day</p>
<p>[Leafy vegetables:] [Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala); Arugula (Roquette), Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), Cilantro (not for use on cilantro grown for seed or coriander), Corn salad, Cress (Garden, Upland (yellow rocket, winter cress)), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Fennel/Florence (finochio), Garden Cress, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden), Purslane (winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach (including New Zealand and vine, Malabar spinach, Indian spinach), Swiss chard]</p>	<p>1 Day</p>
<p>Peanuts</p>	<p>7 Days</p>

<p>[Root and Tuber vegetables (except sugar beets):] [Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Garden Beet, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrot, Cassava (Bitter and Sweet), Celeriac (Celery Root), Chayote (Root), Turnip-Rooted Chervil, Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (Taro), Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Turnip-Rooted Parsley, Parsnip, Potato, Oriental Radish (Daikon), Radish, Rutabaga, Salsify (Oyster Plant), Black Salsify, Spanish Salsify, Skirret, Sweet Potato, Tanier (Cocoyam), Turmeric, Turnip, Yam Bean, Yam (True)]</p>	<p>1 Day</p>
<p>[Sunflowers:] [Castor Oil Plant, Chinese Tallowtree, Euphorbia, Evening Primrose, Jojoba, Niger Seed, Rose Hip, Stokes Aster, Tallowwood, Tea Oil Plant, and Vernonia]</p>	<p>30 Days</p>

BERRIES, FRUITS, AND NUTS

Use F6570 EW as a spot treatment for pest infestations on the berries, fruits and nuts listed below. Applications to trees over 10 feet or trees with areas inaccessible to sprays are not recommended. Apply spray mixture to upper and lower leaves, around fruit clusters, and on branches and trunks up to the point of runoff. Reapply if insects return, but not more than once every seven days and according to [harvest directions] [pre-harvest interval] [PHI].

<p>BERRIES, FRUITS, AND NUTS {Icons may be used for any of the below}</p>	<p>PHI</p>
<p>[Berries Crop Group including:] [Blackberry, loganberry, red and black raspberry, blueberry, highbush and lowbush, currant, elderberry, gooseberry, huckleberry, cultivars and/or hybrids of these]</p>	<p>1 Day</p>
<p>Grapes</p>	<p>1 Day</p>
<p>[Pome Fruit Group including:] [Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental Pear, and Quince.]</p>	<p>14 Days</p>
<p>[Stone Fruit Group including:] [Apricot, Cherry (Sweet and Tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (including Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, and Japanese Plum), Plumcot, Prune (fresh).]</p>	<p>14 Days</p>
<p>[Tree Nuts Group including:] [Almond, beech nut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut, pecan, pistachio, walnut (black and English)]</p>	<p>7 Days</p>
<p>[Tropical Fruits including:] [Avocado, Black Sapote, Canistel, Mamey Sapote, Mango, Papaya, Sapodilla, Star Apple]</p>	<p>1 Day</p>

ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS, AND GROUND COVERS

Use F6570 EW as a spot treatment for pest infestations on ornamental trees, shrubs, flowers and ground covers. Spray up to the point of run-off making sure to cover all sides of leaves and trunk. For ground covers, bedding plants, foliage, annuals and perennials, apply as a uniform spray. Reapply if pests return, but repeat applications should be limited to no more than once per seven days.

Certain plants [[including] [or] annuals] may be sensitive to the final spray solution. A limited area should be treated and observed for one week prior to application to the entire planting.

OUTDOOR PERIMETER TREATMENTS

Apply to the point of run-off as a residual spray to vegetation including bushes and trees around buildings and other structures. For ants, apply to any trails, around doors and windows and other places where ants may be found. To prevent pests from entering buildings, apply to a band of soil and vegetation 5 to 10 feet wide around and adjacent to the building. Also treat the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet where pests are active and may find entrance. The surface to be treated should be dry at the time of application.

LAWNS

Uniformly apply F6570 EW [over a] [per] 250 sq ft area. For best results, apply after mowing (lawn should not be longer than 3 inches at the time of application). Repeat applications are necessary only if there are signs of renewed insect activity.

VI. Pest List

[For Use With Any Option]

PESTS CONTROLLED

Caterpillars,
Butterflies and
Moths

Tent forming caterpillars, cocoon forming caterpillars, chrysalis forming caterpillars.
Leaf feeding caterpillars (including leaves of flowering plants, bushes and other ornamentals, vegetables and trees), azalea leafminers, green cloverworm, fruit eating caterpillars, legume feeding caterpillars, vegetable feeding caterpillars, stem and trunk boring caterpillars, and leafrolling caterpillars.
Caterpillars of the Yucca Moth family including Fairy moths and Yucca moths; Clothes moth family; bagworm moth family, Gelechiid moth family including Potato tuber moths; Ermine Moth family including Ailanthus Webworm moth; Clear Winged moth family including Manroot borer, Squash Vine borer, Doll's Clearwing moth, California Sycamore borer; Tortricid Moth family (millers) including Fruit Tree Leafroller moth, Orange Tortrix, and Codling moth; Skippers including Least Skipper, Silver-spotted Skipper, and Long-tail Skipper; Swallowtails including Green swallowtail, Zebra Swallowtail, Giant Swallowtail (Orange Tail, Orange Puppy), Pale Swallowtail, Eastern Tiger Swallowtail, Eastern Black Swallowtail, Spicebush Swallowtail, and Phoebus; Whites, Sulphurs and Orange Tips family including Sara Orange Tip, Great Southern White, and European Cabbage Butterfly; Gossamer-Winged Butterflies Family including Great Purple Hairstreak, Spring Azure, Early Hairstreak, Eastern Tailed blue, Harvester, Silvery Blue, Brown Elfin, Marine Blue, American

	<p>Copper, and Gray Hairstreak; Metalmark family including Northern Metalmark; Snout Butterflies family including Common Snout Butterfly; Brush-Footed Butterfly family including Gulf Fritillary, White Peacock, Harris' Checkerspot, Painted Lady (Thistle butterfly), American Painted Lady (Painted Beauty), Baltimore, Zebra (Yellow-barred Heliconian), Viceroy, White Admiral (Banded Purple), Mourning Cloak, Milbert's Tortoise Shell, Pearl Crescent, Question Mark, Buckeye, Great Spangled Fritillary, and Red Admiral; Hackberry and Goatweed Butterfly family including Hackberry butterfly; Satyrs, Nymphs and Arctics family including Wood Nymph (American Grayling), White Wood Satyr, Eyed Brown (Grass Nymph), Pearly Eye, and Chryxus Arctic; Milkweed Butterfly family including Queen, and Monarch; Smoky Moth family including Grape Leaf Skeletonizer; Slug Caterpillar Moth family including Saddleback Caterpillar Moth; Pyralid Moths family including Mediterranean Flour Moth Sod Webworm Moth, Indian Meal Moth, Meal Moth; Plume Moth family including Artichoke Plume Moth; Measuringworm Moth family including Tulip Tree Beauty, California Cankerworm Moth, and Large California Spanworm Moth; Tent Caterpillar Moth family including Western Tent Caterpillar Moth; Giant Silkworm Moth family including Luna Moth, Polyphemus moth, Io Moth, Prometheus Moth (Spicebush Silkmoth), Regal Moth (Royal Walnut Moth), Rosy Maple Moth, Imperial Moth, Sheep Moth, Cecropia Moth, and Cynthia Moth; Sphinx moth family including Virginia-creeper Sphinx, Pandora Sphinx, Hummingbird Moth (Common Clearwing), White-lined Sphinx, Tomato Hornworm Moth, Tobacco Hornworm Moth, Big Poplar Sphinx, Cerisy's Sphinx, and Wild-cherry Sphinx; Prominent family including Tentacled Prominent (Puss Moths), and Red-humped Appleworm Moth; Tiger Moth family including Ornate Tiger Moth, Yellow Woolly Bear Moth, Acraea Moth, Milkweed Tiger Moth, Spotted Tiger Moth, Colona, Woolly Bear Caterpillar Moth (Banded Woolly Bear), Lichen Moth, and Rattlebox Moth; Ctenuchid Moth family including Virginia Ctenuchid moth; Tussock moth family including Gypsy Moth, White-marked Tussock Moth; Owlet Moth family including Eight-spotted Forester, Black Witch, Alfalfa Looper, Sweetheart Underwing, Locust Underwing, and Hebrew.</p>
Common Bristletails	Silverfish Family including Silverfish, and Firebrat
Springtails	Podurid Springtail family including Snow Pea, Seashore Springtail; Entomobryid Springtail family including Ainsley's Springtail; Globular Springtail family
Cockroaches	Blattid Cockroach Family including Oriental Cockroach (Asiatic Cockroach, Shad Cockroach), and American Cockroach (Waterbug); Blattellid Cockroaches family including German Cockroach (Croton Bug)
Termites	Rotting-wood termite family including Pacific Coast Termite; Subterranean termite family including subterranean termites. Not intended to replace structural treatments. For termites – not recommended as sole protection against termites. Such applications are not a substitute for mechanical alterations, soil or foundation treatment but merely as a supplement. For active infestations, get a professional inspection.
Earwigs	Long-Horned Earwig family including Ring-legged Earwig, and Riparian Earwig; Common Earwig family including European Earwig

Grasshoppers & Crickets	Pygmy Grasshopper family including Aztec Pygmy Grasshopper; Short-Horned Grasshopper family including Creosote Bush Grasshopper, Lubber Grasshopper, Painted Grasshopper, Carolina Locust, Dragon Lubber Grasshopper (Gray Dragon), Three-banded Grasshopper (Banded Range Grasshopper), Differential Grasshopper, Red-legged Locust, Spur-throated Grasshopper, Two-striped Grasshopper, Panther-spotted grasshopper, Southeastern Lubber Grasshopper, Alutacea Bird Grasshopper, American Bird Grasshopper, Green Valley Grasshopper, Toothpick Grasshopper, Horse Lubber Grasshopper, Pallid-winged Grasshopper, and Great Crested Grasshopper (Dinosaur Grasshopper); Long-horned grasshoppers and Katydids family including Oblong-winged Katydid, Mormon Cricket, Short-legged Shield back Katydid, California Katydid, Angular-winged Katydid, Keeled Shield-back Katydid, Nebraska Cone-head, Gladiator Katydid, Mescalero Shield-back Katydid, True Katydid (Northern Katydid), and Fork-tailed Bush Katydid; Camel Crickets family including Spotted Camel Cricket, Secret Cove Cricket, Jerusalem Cricket; True Crickets family including House Cricket (Cricket on the Hearth), Field Cricket, California Tree Cricket, Snowy Tree Cricket, and Black-horned Tree Cricket; Mole Cricket family including Northern Mole Cricket and European Mole Cricket
True Bugs	Plant Bug family including Adelphocoris Plant Bugs, Scarlet Plant bugs, Tarnished Plant Bugs, and Four-lined Plant Bug; Assassin bug family including Bee Assassins, Wheel Bug; Ambush Bug family including Jagged Ambush Bug; Lace Bug family including Oak Lace Bug; Seed Bug family including Small Eastern Milkweed Bug; Long-necked Seed Bug, and Large Milkweed Bug; Stilt Bug family including Stilt Bugs; Leaf-footed Bug family including Florida Leaf-footed Bug, and Squash Bug; Scentless Plant Bug family including Eastern Boxelder Bug and Western Boxelder Bug; Stink Bug family including Green Stink Bug, Brown Marmorated Stink Bug Brochymenas, Two-spotted Stink Bug (Conspicuous Stink Bug); Harlequin Cabbage Bug (Calico Bug, Fire Bug), and Spined Soldier Bug
Cicadas and Kin	Cicada family including Periodical Cicadas, Dogday Harvestfly, and Grand Western Cicada
Treehoppers	Treehopper family, including Thorn-mimic Treehopper, Oak Treehopper, Buffalo Treehopper, and Locust Treehopper
Leafhoppers	Leafhopper family including Grape Leafhopper, Scarlet-and-green Leafhopper, Sharpshooter
Thrips	Banded Thrips family including Banded-wing Thrips; Common Thrips family
Beetles	Tiger Beetle Family including Beautiful Tiger Beetle, Dainty Tiger Beetle, Six-Spotted Green Tiger Beetle, and Dejean's Flightless Tiger Beetle; Ground Beetle family including Bombardier Beetle, Fiery Searcher (Caterpillar hunter), European Ground Beetle, Green Pubescent Ground Beetle, Common Black Ground Beetle, and Boat-backed Ground Beetle; Predacious Diving Beetle family including Small Flat Diving Beetle, Large Diving Beetle, and Marbled Diving Beetle; Whirligig Beetle family including Large Whirligig Beetle, and Small Whirligig Beetle; Hister Beetle family including Hister beetles; Rove Beetle family including Gold-and-brown Rove Beetle and Pictured Rove Beetle; Carrion Beetle family including Margined Burying Beetle, Tomentose Burying Beetle (Gold-necked Carrion Beetle), American Carrion Beetle, and Northern Carrion Beetle; Stag Beetle family including Elephant Stag Beetle, Agassiz's Flat-horned Stag Beetle, Reddish-brown Stag Beetle, and Rugose Stag Beetle; Bessbugs family including Patent-leather Beetle (Horned Passalus); Scarab Beetle family including European Chafer Beetle (adults), Flower Chafers (Fruit and Flower Chafers), Leaf Chafers, Rose Chafers, Tumblebugs, Goldsmith

Beetle, Green Jumping Beetle, Brown Fruit Chafer, Glossy Pillbug, Grapevine Beetle, May Beetles (June Beetles), Ten-lined June Beetles, and Japanese Beetle; Metallic Wood-Boring Beetles including Golden Buprestid, Western Pine Borer (Sculptured Pine Borer), and Divergent Metallic Wood Borer (Flatheaded Cherry Tree Borer); Click Beetle family including Eastern Eyed Click Beetle (Big-eyed Click Beetle), and Fire Beetles; Fireflies (Lightning Bugs) family including Pyralis Firefly, and Pennsylvania Firefly; Soldier Beetle family including Pennsylvania Leather-wing, and Downy Leather-wing, Net-winged Beetle family including Banded Net-wing, and Golden Net-wing; Spider Beetle family including Spider Beetles, and Texan Spider Beetle; Branch and Twig Borer family including Apple Twig Borer; Checkered Beetle family including California Checkered Beetle, Elegant Checkered Beetle, Slender Checkered Beetle, and Red-blue Checkered Beetle; Flat Bark Beetle family including Red Flat Bark Beetle; Pleasing Fungus Beetle including Rough Fungus Beetle; Ladybug Beetles including Multicolored Asian Lady Beetles, Two-spotted Ladybug Beetle, Nine-spotted Ladybug Beetle, Spotless "Nine-spotted" Ladybug, Convergent Ladybug Beetle, and Ash Gray Ladybug Beetle; Darkling Beetles including Horned Fungus Beetle, Broad-necked Darkling Beetle, Plicate Beetle, Yellow Mealworm Beetle, and Ironclad Beetle; Fire-colored Beetles family including Fire Beetles; Blister Beetles family including Striped Blister Beetle, Arizona Blister Beetle, Short-winged Blister Beetle, (Oil Beetle); Long-horned Beetle family including Black-horned Pine Borer, Yellow Douglass Fir Borer, Long-jawed Longhorn, Elder Borer (Cloaked Knotty-horn), Twig Pruners, Pine Sawyer (Spined-neck Longhorn), Golden-haired Flower Longhorn, Locust Borer, Black Pine Sawyer (White Spotted Sawyer), Cylindrical Hardwood Borer, Cottonwood Twig Borer, Cottonwood Borer, Giant Root Borers, Ribbed Pine Borer, California Laurel Borer (Banded Alder Borer), Ivory0marked Beetle, Red Milkweed Beetle (Eastern Milkweed Longhorn), Notch-tipped Flower Longhorn, and Willow Borer; Seed Borer family including Bean Weevil; Leaf Beetle family including Dogwood Calligrapha, Milkweed Tortoise Beetle (Argus Tortoise Beetle), Dogbane Leaf Beetle, Milkweed Leaf Beetle, Willow Leaf Beetle, Spotted Asparagus Beetle, Clavate Tortoise Beetle, Spotted Cucumber Beetle, Waterlily Leaf Beetle, Swamp Milkweed Leaf Beetle, Three-lined Potato Beetle, (Old-fashioned Potato Bug, Colorado Potato Beetle, and Girdled Leaf Beetle; Primitive Weevil family including Oak Timberworm Beetle (Primitive Weevil); Snout Beetles and Weevil family including Boll Weevil, Black Oak Acorn Weevil, Lesser Cloverleaf Weevil, Alfalfa Weevil, Pine Weevils, Rose Weevils, Agrave Billbug, and Stored-grain Billbug (Granary Weevil, Elephant Bug); Bark and Ambrosia Beetle family including Red Turpentine Beetle, Pine and Spruce Engraver Beetles, and Bark Beetles.

<p>Bees, Ants, Wasps, Sawflies</p>	<p>Cimbicid Sawflies family including Rusty Willow Sawfly; Common Sawfly family including Northeastern sawfly; Horntail family including Pigeon Horntail, and Smokey Horntails; Stem Sawflies family including Raspberry Horntail; Braconids family including Braconid Wasps; Ichneumons family including Giant Ichneumons, Short-tailed Ichneumons and Red-tailed Ichneumon; Torymid Wasp family including California Torymus; Chalcid family including Golden-yellow Chalcid; Gall Wasp family including California Oak Gall Wasps and Live Oak Gall Wasp; Pelecinid family including American Pelicini; Tiphid Wasp family including Five-banded Tiphid Wasp; Velvet-Ants including Thistledown Velvet-ant, Red Velvet-ant, and Cow Killer; Scoliid Wasp family including Scarab-hunter Wasp, and Digger Wasp; Ant family including Spine-waisted ants, Leafcutter ants, Texas Carpenter ants, Black Carpenter ants, Crater-nest ants, Crazy Ants, Tawny Crazy Ants, Texas Shed-builder ant (Acrobat Ant), Red Ant, Legionary Ant, Little Black Ant, Arid Lands Honey Ant, Big-headed Ant, Honey Ant, and Fire Ant; Vespid Wasp family including Potter Wasp, Paper Wasps, Yellow Jackets, and Sandhills Hornet; Spider Wasps including Blue-black Spider Wasps, and Tarantula Hawk; Sphecid Wasp family including Thread-waisted Wasps, Eastern Sand Wasp, Steel-blue Cricket Hunter, Purplish-blue Cricket Hunter, Florida Hunting Wasp, Black and Yellow Mud Dauber, Cicada Killer, and Great Golden Digger Wasp; Bee families including Plasterer Bee, Yellow-faced Bees, Virescent Green Metallic Bees, Augochlora Green Metallic Bees, Alkali Bee, Mining Bee, Willow Mining Bee, Nevada Mining Bee, Clarkia Bee, Faithful Leafcutting Bee, Western Leafcutting Bee, Mason Bees, California Leafcutting Bee, Digger Bees, Western Cuckoo Bee, California Carpenter Bee</p>
<p>Flies</p>	<p>Crane fly family including Wood-boring Tupulid, Giant Western Crane Fly, and Crane Flies; Phantom Crane Flies including Phantom Crane Fly; Net-winged Midges including Comstock's Net-winged Midge; Phantom Midges; Black Flies including Black flies; March Flies family including March Flies; Fungus Gnats family including Fungus Gnats; Snipe Fly family including Gold-backed Snipe Fly; Stiletto Fly family including Stiletto Flies; Flower-loving Fly family including Flower-loving Fly; Mydas Fly family including Mydas fly; Robber Fly family including Bearded Robber Fly, Sacken's Bee Hunter, Giant Robber Fly, Bee Killer (Giant Robber Fly), and Robber Flies; Bee Flies including Bee Fly, Large Bee Flies, and Progressive bee Flies; Dance Flies including Dance Flies; Long-Legged Flies including Condylostylid Long-legged Flies, and Texan Long-legged Fly; Hover Fly family including Woolly Bear Hover Flies, Elongate Aphid Flies, Drone Flies, Bulb Flies, American Hover Flies, and Toxomerus Hover Fly; Thick Headed Fly family including Thick headed fly; Pyrgotid Fly family including Pyrgotid Flies; Fruit Fly family including Walnut Husk Fly, and Apple Maggot Fly; Seaweed Fly family including California Seaweed Fly; Marsh Fly family including Marsh flies; Shore fly family including Yellowstone Brine Fly; Pomace fly family including Vinegar Fly; Anthomyiid Fly family including Dung Fly; Muscid Fly family including House Fly, and Biting Stable Fly; Louse Fly family, Blow Fly family including Blue Bottle Fly, Screw-worm Fly, and Green Bottle Fly; Flesh Fly family including Flesh flies; Tachinid Fly family including Beelike Tachinid Fly, Early Tachinid Fly, Repetitive Tachinid Fly, Tachina Fly, and Fringe-legged Tachinid Fly</p>

Spiders	<p>Folding trapdoor spider family including Turret spider; Tarantula family including Desert Tarantula; Trapdoor Spider family including California Trapdoor spider; Dictynid spider family including Branch-yip spiders; Spitting spider family including Spitting spiders; Violin Spider family including Desert Loxosceles, and Violin Spider; Comb-footed Spider family including American House Spider, and Black Widow Spider; Sheet-web Weaver family including Hammock Spider; Orb Weaver family including Orb weavers, barn spider, Garden spider (cross spider), Marbled orb Weaver, Shamrock Spider, Six-spotted Orb-weaver, Silver Argiope, Black-and-Yellow Argiope, Crablike Spiny Orb Weaver, Bola Spider, Arrow-shaped Micrathena, and Golden-silk spider (calico spider); Large-jawed Orb Weaver family including Mabel Orchard Spider, Venusta Orchard Spider, Elongate Long-jawed Orb Weaver, and Long-jawed Orb Weaver; Funnel Web Weaver family including Grass Spiders; Nursery Web Spider family including Brownish-grey Fishing Spider, Six-spotted Fishing spider, and Nursery Web Spider; Wolf Spider family including Burrowing Wolf Spiders, Carolina Wolf spider, Forest Wolf spider, rabid wolf spider, and Thin-legged Wolf spider; Lynx Spider family including Jumping Lynx spider, and green lynx spider; Sac Spider family including Ant-mimic spiders; Wandering spider family including Wandering spiders; Giant Crab spider family including Huntsman spider, and Golden Huntsman spider; Selenopid Crab Spider family including Selenopid Crab Spider; Crab Spider family including Goldenrod spider (flower spider, red-spotted Crab Spider), Elegant Crab Spider, Thrice-banded Crab Spider; Philodromid family including Inconspicuous Crab Spiders; Jumping Spiders including Green Lyssomanes, Dimorphic Jumping Spider, Metaphid Jumping Spider, Ant-mimic Jumping spider, and Daring Jumping spider</p> <p>Daddy-long-legs family including Eastern Daddy-long-legs and Brown Daddy-long-legs</p>
Ticks	Blacklegged tick, Brown dog tick, Deer tick
Psyllid, Whiteflies, Aphids, Mealybugs, Scale Insects	<p>Psyllid family including American Alder Psyllid; Whitefly family including Greenhouse Whitefly; Aphid family including Green Apple Aphid, Rosy Apple Aphid, Rose, Pea and Potato Aphid, Root Aphid, Coudy-winged Cottonwood Aphid, and Giant Willow Aphid; Woolly and Gall-Making Aphid family including Woolly Apple Aphid; Giant Scale Insects family including Cottony Cushion Scale; Armored Scale Insects family including Oyster Shell Scale; Mealybug family including Long-tailed mealybug; Cochineal Bug family including Cochineal bug.</p>
Millipedes	Millipedes including soft millipedes, Florida millipede, Almond millipede, North American millipede and flat millipedes

VII. Fruit & Vegetable List

[For Use With Any Option]

Plants	Pests	Use Before Harvest
VEGETABLES		
Leafy Vegetables <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala); • Arugula; • Cardoon; • Cilantro • Corn salad; • Garden cress; • Upland cress; • Dandelion; • Dock; • Endive; • Florence Fennel; • Head Lettuce; • Leaf Lettuce; • Orach; • Parsley; • Garden Purslane; • Winter Purslane; • Radicchio (red chicory); • Rhubarb • Spinach • Swiss chard 	Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetles, Cutworms, Diamondback Moth, Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm, Leafhoppers, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Tobacco Budworm, Armyworms, Loopers, Lygus Bugs, Onion Thrips, Stink Bugs, Wireworm	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting
Fruiting Vegetables including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eggplant; • groundcherry (Physalis spp.); • pepino (Melon pear); • pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper); • tomatillo; • tomato 	Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellow-striped Celery Leaf Tier, Colorado Potato Beetle, Corn Borer, European, Corn Borer, Southwestern Corn Earworm, Cucumber Beetle, Cutworm, Flea Beetle, Garden Webworm, Green Stink Bug, Hornworms, Leafminers (adults), Leafhoppers, Meadow Spittlebug, Pepper Maggot (adults), Pepper Weevil, Plant Bugs, Tobacco Budworm, Tomato Fruitworm, Tomato Pinworm, Aphids, Armyworm, Beet Armyworm, Fall Cabbage Looper, Grasshoppers, Lygus Bugs, Brown Stink Bug, Tomato Psyllid, Thrips, Whiteflies.	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting
Brassica Vegetables including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Broccoli; 	Corn Earworm, Cucumber Beetles, Cutworm, Diamondback Moth, Flea Beetles, Imported Cabbageworm,	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chinese Broccoli (gai lon, white flowering broccoli); • Brussels Sprouts; • Cauliflower; • Cavalo broccolo; • Kohlrabi; • Cabbage; • Chinese Cabbage (napa); • Leafy Brassica Greens including: Broccoli Raab (rapini) ; • Chinese cabbage (bok choy); • Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy); • Collards; • Kale; • Mizuna; • Mustard Greens; • Mustard Spinach; • Rape Greens 	<p>Leafhoppers, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Southern Cabbageworm, Tobacco Budworm Alfalfa Looper, Armyworms, Cabbage Looper, Cabbage Webworm, Ground Beetles, Leafminers (adults), Lygus Bugs, Onion Thrips, Stinkbugs, Wireworm (adults), Aphids, and Whiteflies</p>	
<p>Root & Tuber Vegetables</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Arracacha; • Arrowroot; • Artichoke; • Garden Beet; • Edible Burdock; • Edible Canna; • Carrot; • Turnip-rooted chervil; • Chicory; • Chufa; • Dasheen (Taro); • Ginger; • Ginseng; • Horseradish; • Leren; • Turnip-Rooted Parsley; • Parsnip; • Potato; • Oriental Radish (Daikon); Rutabaga; • Salsify (Oyster Plant); • Black Salsify; • Spanish Salsify; • Skirret; Sweet Potato; • Tanier (Cocoyam); • Turmeric; • Turnip; • Yam Bean; • Yam (True) 	<p>Cutworms, Cabbage Looper Cucumber Beetle, European Corn Borer, Fleabeetles, Leafhoppers, Southern Corn Rootworm (adult), Vegetable Weevil, Whitefringed Beetle (adult), Armyworm, Beet Armyworm, Yellowstriped Cabbage Maggot, Colorado Potato Beetle, Grasshoppers, Imported Cabbageworm, Potato Leafhopper Potato Psyllid, Potato Tuberworm, Tarnished Plant Bug</p>	<p>Spray up to 1 day before harvesting</p>

<p>Cucurbit Vegetables Group including but not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chayote (fruit); • Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese Preserving Melon); • Citron Melon; • Cucumber; • Gherkin; Gourd (edible) (including hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese orkra); • Mormordica spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber); • Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of Cucumis melo) (includes true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon); • Pumpkin; • Summer Squash (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini); Winter Squash (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, and spaghetti squash); • Watermelon (includes hybrids and varieties). 	<p>Cutworms, Cabbage Looper, Cucumber Beetles. (adult), Leafhoppers, Melonworm, Pickleworm, Rindworm, Squash Bug, Squash Vine Borer, Corn Earworm, Plant Bugs, Stinkbugs</p>	<p>Spray up to 1 day before harvesting</p>
<p>Bulb Vegetables (Allium spp.) including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Garlic; Garlic, Great-Headed (elephant); • Green Eschalots; 	<p>Armyworms, Cutworms, Leafminers (adults), Onion Maggot Adults, Stink Bugs, Aphids, Onion Thrips</p>	<p>Spray up to 7 days before harvesting</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Japanese Bunching Onions; • Leeks; • Onion, Dry Bulb and Green; • Onion, Welch; • Shallots, Dry Bulb and Green; • Spring Onion or Scallions 		
Sunflower	Cutworm spp., White Grub, Wireworm	Spray up to 30 days before harvesting
Sweet Corn	Chinch Bug, Corn Rootworm (Adult), Corn Silkfly, Cutworms, Flea Beetle, Leafhoppers, Japanese Beetle (Adult), Sap Beetle (adults), Tarnished Plant Bug, Armyworms, Corn Borers, Corn Earworm, Grasshoppers, Aphids	Spray up to 3 days before harvesting

<p>Legume Vegetables - Succulent and Dried</p> <p>Succulent Edible-Podded Peas, Succulent Shelled Peas and Dried Shelled Peas (Pisum spp.) including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dwarf Pea; • Edible-pod Pea; • Snow Pea; • Sugar Snap Pea; • Pigeon pea; • English Pea; • Garden Pea; • Green Pea; • Lentil. <p>Succulent Edible-Podded Beans, Succulent Shelled Beans, and Dried Shelled Beans including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Runner Bean; • Snap Bean; • Wax Bean; • Asparagus Bean; • Chinese Longbean; • Moth Bean; • Yardlong Bean; • Jackbean; • Soybean (immature seed); • Swordbean; • Lima Bean; 	<p>Cutworms, Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Silverspotted Skipp, Alfalfa Caterpillar, Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellow-Striped Bean Leaf Beetle, Blister Beetles, Colorado Potato Beetle, European Corn Borer, Corn Borer, Southwestern Corn Earworm, Corn Rootworm Beetle (adult), Cowpea Curculio, Cucumber Beetle, Flea Beetle, Green Cloverworm, Ground Beetles, Imported Cabbageworm, Japanese Beetle, Leaf Skeletonizers, Leafhoppers, Leafminers (adults), Mexican Bean Beetle, Pea Weevil, Pea Leaf Weevil, Plant Bugs, Potato Leafhopper, Seedcorn Beetle, Seedcorn Maggot (adult), Spittlebug, Three-Cornered Alfalfa, Hopper, Tobacco Budworm, Velvetbean Caterpillar, Webworms, Woolly Bear Caterpillar</p>	<p>Spray up to 1 day before harvesting on succulent shelled or edible-podded peas or beans, and up to 21 days before harvesting for dried shelled peas or beans</p>
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Broad Bean (Fava Bean); Blackeyed Pea; • Southern Pea; • Grain Lupin; • Sweet Lupin; • White Lupin; • White Sweet Lupin; • Field Bean; • Kidney Bean; • Navy Bean; • Pinto Bean; • Tepary Bean; • Adzuki Bean; • Catjang; • Cowpea; • Crowder Pea; • Moth Bean; • Mung Bean; • Rice Bean; • Urd Bean; • Chickpea (Garbanzo Bean); • Guar; • Lablab bean. 		
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FRUITS and NUTS		
<p>Berries Crop Group including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • blackberry; • loganberry, • red and black raspberry; • blueberry, highbush and lowbush; • currant; • elderberry; • gooseberry; • huckleberry; 	<p>Leafrollers, Orange Tortrix, Root Weevils</p>	<p>Spray up to 1 day before harvesting</p>
<p>Stone Fruit Trees</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apricot; • Cherry (Sweet and Tart); • Nectarine; • Peach; • Plum (including Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, and Japanese Plum); • Plumcot; • Prune 	<p>American Plum Borer, Black Cherry Aphid, Cherry Fruit Fly, Green Fruitworm, Leafrollers, Leafhoppers, Lesser Peach Tree Borer, Peach Tree Borer, Peach Twig Borer, Plum Curculio, Oriental Fruit Moth, Rose Chafer, Stink Bugs, Tarnished Plant Bug, Tufted Apple Budmoth, Western Cherry Fruit Fly</p>	<p>Spray up to 14 days before harvesting.</p>

<p>Pome-Fruit Trees</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apple; • Crabapple; • Loquat; • Mayhaw; • Pear; • Oriental Pear; • Quince. 	<p>Apple Maggot, Codling Moth, European Apple Sawfly, Green Fruitworm, Japanese Beetle, Lesser Appleworm, Oblique Banded Leafroller, Oriental Fruit Moth, Pandemis Leafroller, Pear Psylla, Plum Curculio, Potato Leafhopper, Redbanded Leafroller, Rosy Apple Aphid, Spirea Aphid, Spotted Tentiform Leafminer, Stink Bugs, Tarnished Plant Bug, Tufted Apple Bud Moth, Variegated Leafroller, White Apple Leafhopper</p>	
<p>Grapes</p>	<p>Eastern grape leafhopper, Variegated leafhopper, Western grape leafhopper</p>	<p>Spray up to 1 day before harvesting.</p>
<p>Peanuts</p>	<p>Cutworm spp., Green Cloverworm, Velvetbean Caterpillar, Red-necked Peanut Worm, Bean Leaf Beetle, Leafhopper spp., Southern Corn Rootworm (adult), Vegetable Weevil, Whitefringed Beetle (adult), Aphid spp., Armyworm, Beet, Fall Armyworm, Corn Earworm, Grasshopper spp., Lesser Cornstalk Borer, Soybean Looper, Stink Bug spp., Tobacco Thrips</p>	<p>Spray up to 7 days before harvesting.</p>
<p>Nut Trees</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Almonds • beech nut; • Brazilnut; • butternut; • cashew; • chestnut; • chinquapin; • filbert (hazelnut); • hickory nut; • macadamia nut; • pecan; • walnut (black and English). 	<p>Black Pecan Aphid, Codling Moth, Filbert Worm, Hickory Shuckworm, Leafhopper, Navel Orangeworm, Oblique-banded Leafroller, Peach Twig Borer, Pecan Leaf Casebearer, Pecan Nut Casebearer, Pecan Phylloxera, Pecan Weevil, Plant Bugs, Stink Bugs, Walnut Aphid, Walnut Husk Fly, Yellow Pecan Aphid</p>	<p>Spray up to 7 days before harvesting.</p> <p>Do not apply more than [0.125 lb of active ingredient per acre][4.1 gallons of F6570 EW MASTER per acre] [12 oz of F6570 EW MASTER per 1,000 ft²]</p>
<p>Tropical Fruits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avocado • Black Sapote • Canistel • Mamey Sapote • Mango • Papaya • Sapodilla • Star Apple 	<p>Avocado Lace Bug, Avocado Leafhopper, Avocado Leafroller, Avocado Loopers, Avocado Tree Girdler, Avocado Whitefly, Brown Soft Scale, Caterpillars, Mirids, Omnivorous Loopers, Orange Tortrix, Scale Crawlers, Spanworm, Thrips, Twig Borers</p>	<p>Spray up to 1 day before harvesting.</p>

VIII- Optional Refill/Reuse Directions for use with any option

A. [Note to EPA: optional Directions For Use when packaged accordingly with two RTS bottles and one RTS sprayer. Label may feature graphics representing RTS sprayer Directions For Use]

<p>[Using/Resuing/How to Reuse/To Reuse] [the] [F6570 EW Master Insecticide] [Ready-to-Spray/RTS] [Connector/Applicator/System/Sprayer/Spray nozzle]</p>	<p>[Removing [Sprayer] [Spray Nozzle] from [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] [RTS] Bottle:]</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove [Sprayer][Spray Nozzle] from empty [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] [RTS] Bottle by twisting the neck of the [sprayer][spray nozzle] counter-clockwise. 2. To dispose of empty [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] [RTS] bottle, see Directions for Storage and Disposal section [on page XX]. <p>[Adding the [RTS] [Sprayer] [Spray nozzle] to the refill [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] Bottle:]</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove the cap from the top of the refill [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] bottle by pushing down and twisting it counter-clockwise. 2. [Remove foil seal from the [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] [refill] bottle.] 3. Holding the [sprayer][spray nozzle] by the neck, secure the [sprayer][spray nozzle] onto the refill [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] bottle by twisting it clockwise until tight. 4. Shake well before use. <p>[Sprayer][Spray nozzle] for use only with F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide. Do not use for any other purpose.</p>
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B. [Note to EPA: optional Directions For Use when packaged accordingly with one RTS bottle and one refill bottle. Label may feature graphics representing Directions For Use]

<p>[Refilling/How to Refill/To Refill] [the] [F6570 EW Master Insecticide] [Ready-to-Spray/RTS] [System/Bottle]</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hold the empty [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] [RTS] bottle and twist the neck of the [sprayer][spray nozzle] counter-clockwise. 2. Remove the cap from the top of the [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide][concentrate] [refill] bottle by pushing down and twisting it counter-clockwise. 3. [Remove foil from the [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] [concentrate] [refill] bottle.] 4. Carefully pour the liquid from the [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] [concentrate] [refill]
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bottle into the empty [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] [RTS] bottle.

5. Reattach sprayer by holding the refilled [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] [RTS] bottle and twisting the neck of the [sprayer][spray nozzle] clockwise until tight.
6. Shake well before use.
7. To dispose of empty [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] [concentrate] [refill] bottle, see Directions for Storage and Disposal section [on page XX].

Refill bottle with [F6570 EW MASTER Insecticide] only. Do not use for any other purpose.